



Measurement of Forward-Backward Asymmetries at the Tevatron

European Physical Society Conference on High Energy Physics Vienna, Austria, July 22–29, 2015



ULRICH HUSEMANN on behalf of the CDF and DØ Collaborations



Fermilab Tevatron: 1985–2011



[Fermilab Visual Media

Service



Two general-purpose experiments: CDF, DØ

2

 Total integrated luminosity: 10 fb⁻¹ per experiment

Forward-Backward Asymmetry



- Heavy quark pair production in pp collisions
 - Leading order QCD: symmetric under $Q \leftrightarrow \overline{Q}$
 - NLO QCD: production process $q\bar{q} \rightarrow Q\bar{Q}$ asymmetric \rightarrow interference between Born/box diagrams and initial/final state radiation (Kühn, Rodrigo, 1999)
 - Production process $gg \rightarrow Q\overline{Q}$ remains symmetric
 - Additional asymmetry contributions: electroweak effects

Forward-backward asymmetry A_{FB}

$$A_{\rm FB} = \frac{N_F - N_B}{N_F + N_B}$$

- Forward/backward usually defined in terms of rapidity difference of quarks and antiquarks Δy = y_Q − y_{Q̄}
 → invariant under boosts in beam direction
- LHC: **symmetric** pp collisions $\rightarrow A_{FB} = 0$, measure charge asymmetry A_C



Recent review: Aguilar-Saavedra, Amidei, Juste, Pérez-Victoria, Rev. Mod. Phys. 87 (2015) 421

History of Top A_{FB}

- 2008: first Tevatron Run II measurements (1–2 fb⁻¹) indicate large A_{FB}
- 2011: results on about half of Run II dataset → discrepancies between data and NLO expectation at level of 3 SD for large tt invariant mass (CDF)
- Triggered extensive measurement program (Tevatron & LHC)
- O(150) theory papers: improved standard model calculations, many BSM ideas









Inclusive and differential tt asymmetry

Leptonic tī asymmetry

bb asymmetry at low and high energies

AFB: Observables



Raw asymmetry: asymmetry as reconstructed
 detector-dependent (different phase space coverage)

tt **asymmetry** at **parton level** (also: "production level")

- Correction of observables to parton level: **unfolding** using NLO MC simulation
- Results directly **comparable to calculations**, but some model dependence
- **Inclusive** or **differential** in kinematics of tt system (e.g. m_{tt}, production angle)

Leptonic asymmetry:

Charge asymmetry of **leptons from top decay** \rightarrow clean, small migration effects (but dependence on top polarization in addition to asymmetry \rightarrow **complementary**)

$$\mathsf{A}_{\mathsf{FB}}^{\ell} = \frac{N_{\ell}(q_{\ell}\eta_{\ell}>0) - N_{\ell}(q_{\ell}\eta_{\ell}<0)}{N_{\ell}(q_{\ell}\eta_{\ell}>0) + N_{\ell}(q_{\ell}\eta_{\ell}<0)}$$

Dileptonic asymmetry $A^{\ell \ell}$: asymmetry in $\Delta \eta = \eta_{\ell^+} - \eta_{\ell^-}$ of lepton pair

Top: Inclusive Asymmetry



Inclusive AFB in lepton+jets channel

- Kinematic reconstruction of tt system
- t and t distinguished by lepton charge in leptonically decaying top
- Correction to parton level: matrix unfolding
- DØ: include lepton + 3 jet final states
- Tevatron results on full Run II datasets:
 - CDF: AFB = 0.164 ± 0.047 (PRD 87 (2013) 092002)
 - DØ: **A**_{FB} = **0.106** ± **0.030** (<u>PRD 90 (2014) 072011</u>)
- Most recent standard model predictions:
 - A_{FB} = 0.095 ± 0.007 (NNLO QCD + NLO EW, Czakon et al., <u>arXiv:1411.3007</u>)
 - A_{FB} = 0.100 ± 0.006 (aN³LO QCD + NLO EW, Kidonakis, <u>PRD 91 (2015) 071502 (R)</u>)





Top: Inclusive Asymmetry



8

Ulrich Husemann Institut für Experimentelle Kernphysik (IEKP)

0.5

0

 $A_{FB}^{t\bar{t}}$

-0.5

-1

Top: Inclusive Asymmetry



Tevatron A ^{tt} _{FB}		(A _{FB} in %)
CDF Lepton+jets (9.4 fb ⁻¹)	·	16.4 ± 4.7
PRD 87, 092002 (2013) CDF Dilepton (9.1 fb⁻¹)		12 ± 13
CDF Public Note 11161 CDF Combination (9.4 fb ⁻¹)	_	16.0 ± 4.5
D0 Lepton+jets (9.7 fb ⁻¹) PRD 90, 072011 (2014)		10.6 ± 3.0
D0 Dileptons (9.7 fb ⁻¹) arXiv:1507.05666	-	17.5 ± 6.3
D0 Combination (9.7 fb ⁻¹) arXiv:1507.05666		11.8 ± 2.8
NLO SM, W. Bernreuther and ZG. Si, PRD 86, 034026 (2012) NNLO SM, M. Czakon, P. Fiedler and A. Mitov, arXiv:1411.3007		
-20 0	20	40
Asymmetry (%)		

All inclusive measurements **compatible with standard model** predictions within ≤1.5 standard deviations.

Top: Differential Asymmetry

0.6

0.5

0.4

0.3

0.2

0.1

 A_{FB}

CDF data, 9.4 fb⁻¹

tt prediction

 $\alpha_{\Lambda\nu} = (25.3 \pm 6.2) \times 10^{-2}$

 $\alpha_{\Lambda\nu} = (9.7 \pm 1.5) \times 10^{-2}$



650

700

750

• CDF data, 9.4 fb⁻¹

tt prediction

0.6

₩ 0.4

0.

 $\alpha_{M_{-}} = (15.5 \pm 4.8) \times 10^{-4} (\text{GeV}/c^2)^{-1}$

 $\alpha_{M_a} = (3.4 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-4} (\text{GeV}/c^2)^{-1}$

- **Differential parton**level asymmetries
- $|\Delta y|$ dependence
 - Expect linear increase, slope α
 - CDF: strong increase (>2 SD above NLO QCD)

0.6 DØ, 9.7 fb⁻¹ 0.35 DØ. 9.7 fb⁻¹ 0.3 Data 0.4 0.25 MC@NLO 0.2 A_{FB} 0.2 A_{FB} Fit to data 0.15 0.1 -0.2 -MC@NLO 🛉 Data 0.05 - Fit to data 💥 Ref. [35] -0.4 400 450 500 550 600 650 700 750 ... 300 350 1.5 0.5 2 ...

 $|\Delta y|$

[PRD 90 (2014) 072011]





- Expect mild increase
- CDF: strong increase (>2 SD above NLO QCD)
- DØ: <1 SD above NLO predictions, little m_{tt} dependence

10

*m*_# [GeV]

Top: Differential Asymmetry 🐠 题

Comparison with state-of-the-art standard model calculations (NNLO+EW)

- Both CDF and DØ: slope parameter α larger than predicted
- **Reasonable** agreement, largest deviation: CDF lepton+jets analysis (2 SD)



[CDF Note 11161]

Top: Production Angle



- Normalized differential cross section in top production angle
 - Decomposition in orthonormal Legendre polynomials

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\sigma}{\mathrm{d}\cos\theta_t} = \sum_{\ell=0}^{\infty} a_\ell P_\ell(\cos\theta_t)$$

Legendre moments a_{ℓ} : sensitivity to underlying dynamics (s-channel: only a_1 , t-channel: all a_ℓ)

CDF result in lepton+jets channel

AFB entirely due to a1 \rightarrow new physics in s-channel?

12

Preliminary comparison with NNLO calculation (M. Czakon, private communication): **a**_l agree with NNLO with χ^2 probability of 75%



Top: Leptonic Asymmetry



Leptonic asymmetry in lepton + jets channel

- Asymmetry in q_ℓη_ℓ within detector acceptance
- Extrapolation to unmeasured η with empirical model
- Calculations including lepton acceptance cuts (NLO QCD + EW)
 → very small model dependence (Bernreuther, Si, <u>PRD86 (2012) 034026</u>)
- Challenges:
 - Control of asymmetric background from W+jets
 - Model-independent extrapolation to full phase space



Ulrich Husemann Institut für Experimentelle Kernphysik (IEKP)

Top: Leptonic Asymmetry







14

Correlation of Asymmetries: $q_{\ell}\eta_{\ell}$ vs. $\Delta\eta$



Model 1: 200-GeV axigluon RH SM couplings Model 2: 2-TeV axigluon, strong coupling to top

Bottom Asymmetry

- Idea: probe same physics that leads to top A_{FB} at lower energies than tt → study bb system
- DØ: very low energies, p_{T,b} < 35 GeV</p>
 - **Full reconstruction** of charged B meson decays $B^{\pm} \rightarrow J/\psi (\rightarrow \mu\mu) K^{\pm}$
 - Unique flavor assignment via kaon, no dilution from flavor oscillations
- Result:

15

- Data consistent with zero asymmetry
- Below NLO MC prediction, but confirmed by recent NLO QCD+EW calculation (Murphy, <u>arXiv:1504.02493</u>)





Bottom Asymmetry



Medium energy: mbb < few 100 GeV</p>

- Reconstruction of bb jet pair: two b-tags, one jet with soft muon
- Asymmetry from soft muon charge
- Consistent with standard model prediction (Grinstein, Murphy, <u>PRL 111 (2013) 062003</u>)
- High energy m_{bb} > 150 GeV
 - Asymmetry from binned difference in jet charge
 - Consistent with zero asymmetry and standard model, start to exclude first models (low mass axigluon)
- Challenge for both analyses: dilution through B⁰B⁰ oscillations and cascade decays



Summary & Conclusions



Tevatron Top Asymmetry



Full suite of measurements with full Tevatron Run II dataset

- Lepton + jets and dilepton channels
- Inclusive and differential top A_{FB}
- Leptonic A_{FB}
- Tremendous effort by CDF and DØ to settle A_{FB} question
- Conclusion: "the thrill is gone..."
 - No strong hints of new physics in AFB
 - Overall good agreement with standard model (NNLO + EW)
 - Independent look into bottom A_{FB}: no "smoking gun" either

Tevatron combination ongoing