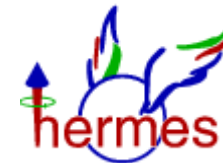
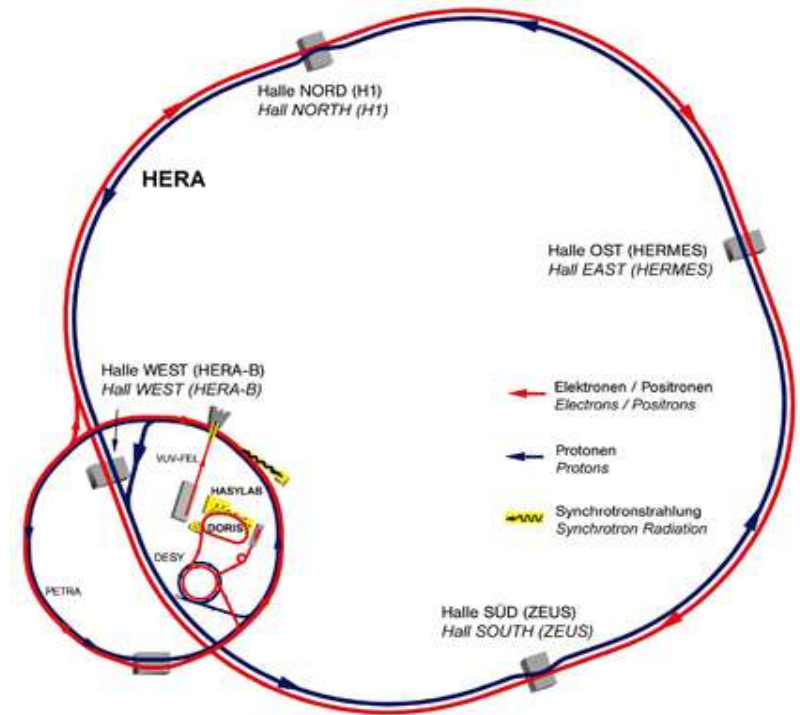


HERA

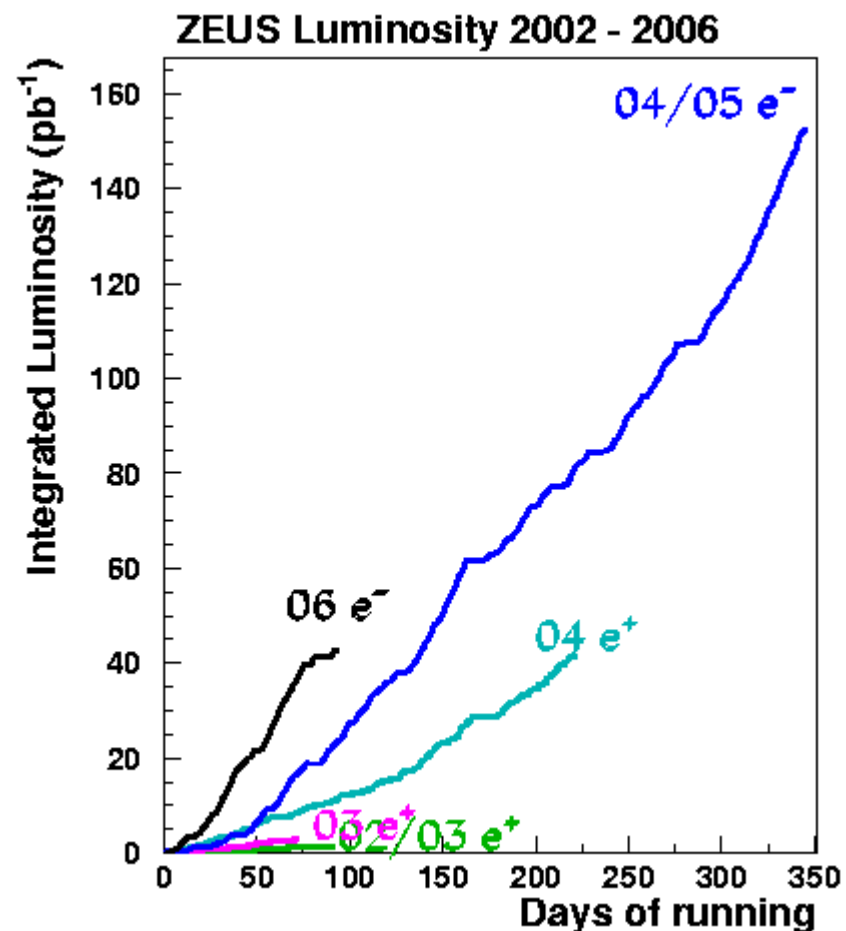
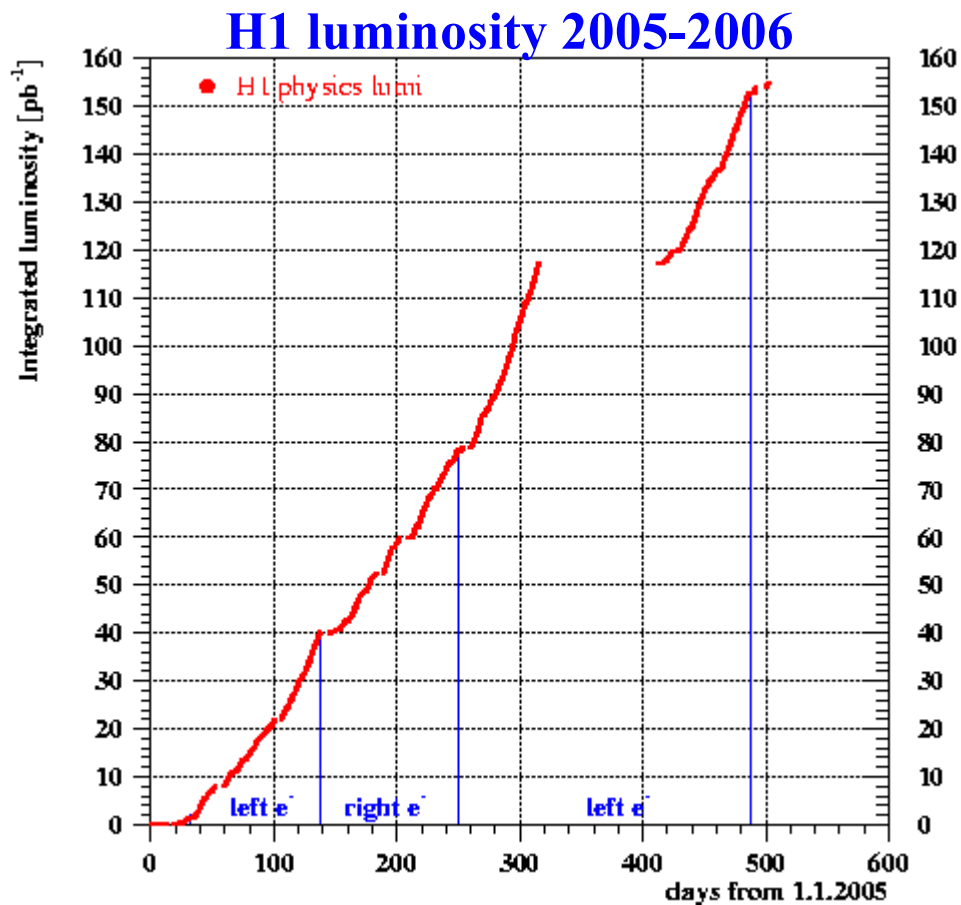
Daniel Pitzl, DESY FH1

WA 23.5.2006

- HERA running
- Status of the experiments
- Selected physics results
- F_L
- HERA and LHC



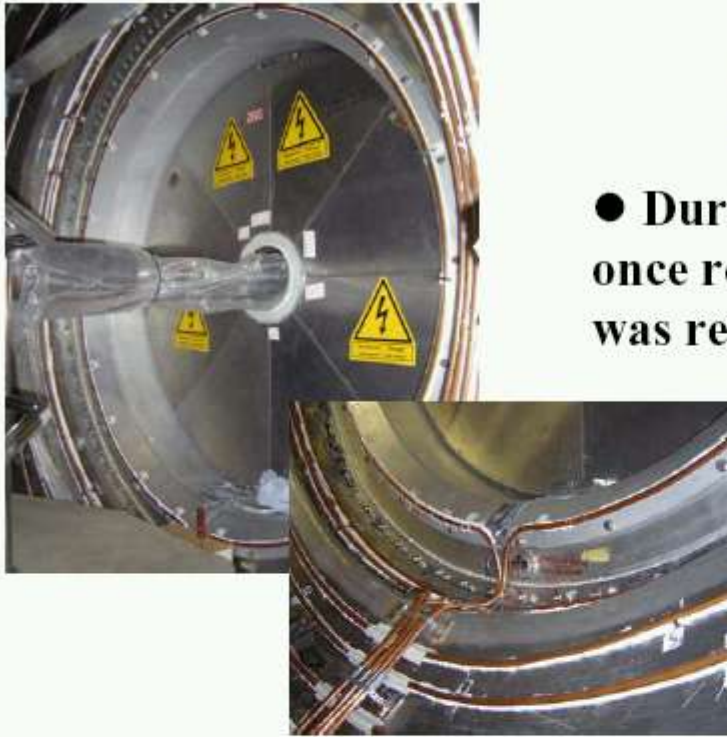
Luminosity collection



- 2005 was HERA's best year so far!
- 2006 started good, but the last 2 weeks had problems: Hermes target cell damaged, e-ring beam pipe leak.
- Switch to e⁺ at the end of June '06.

ZEUS Straw Tube Tracker

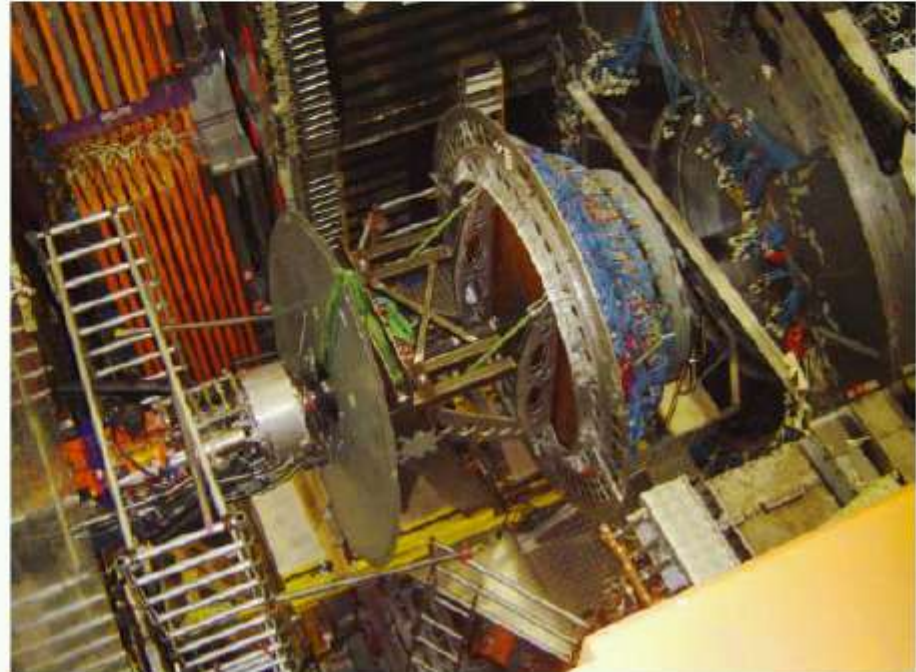
STT cooling upgrade



- During the shutdown Nov.05 to Jan.06, STT was once removed to upgrade its cooling system, and then was reinstalled

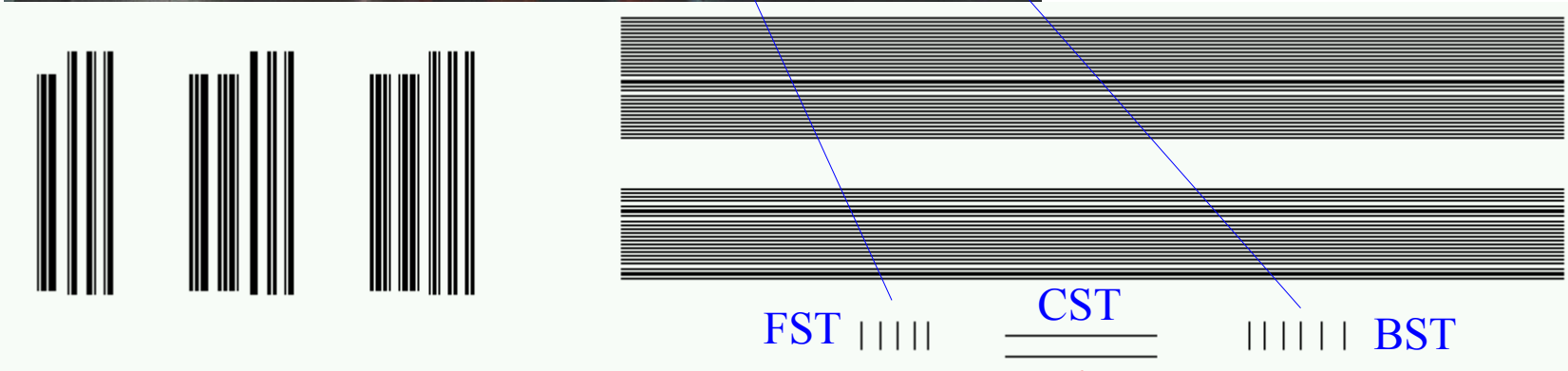
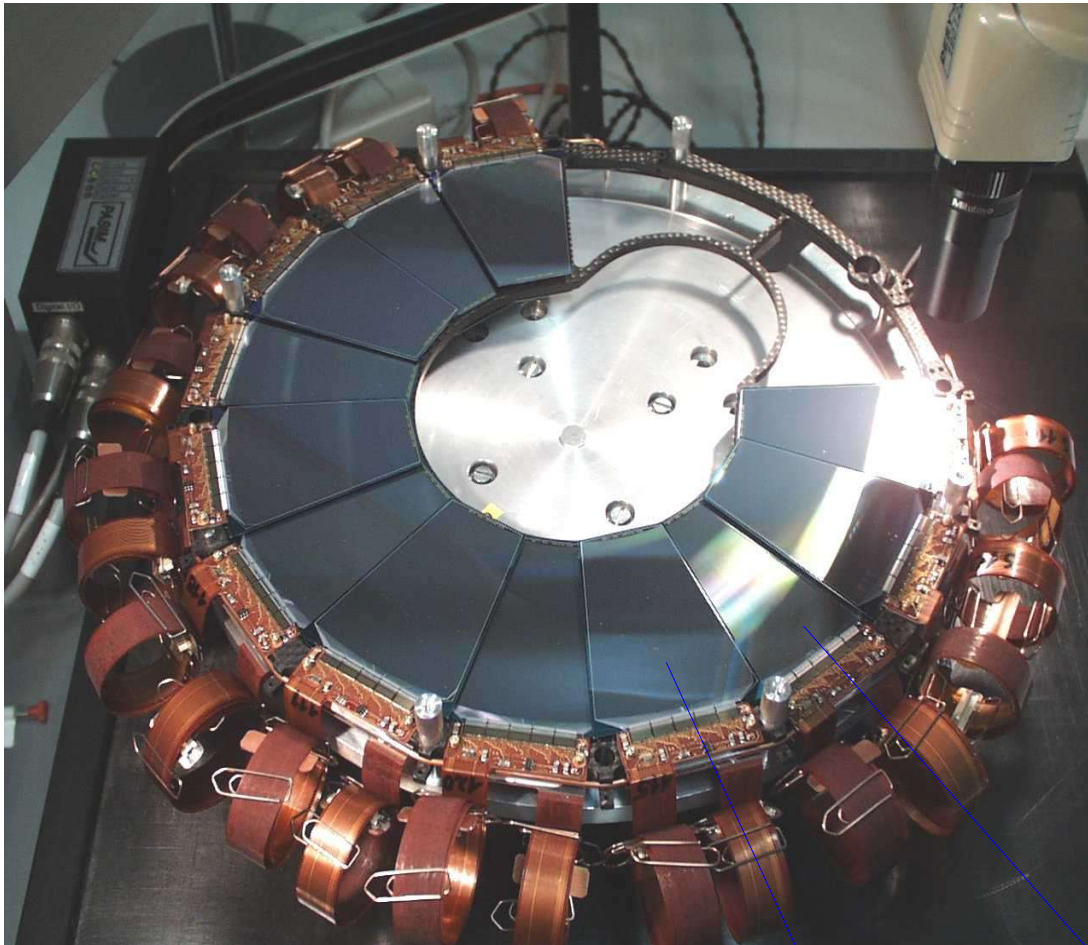
- Insufficient STT cooling interfered solenoid operation
- Thus, STT was off for 04-05 e- runs

- Whole procedure was completed successfully.
 - No interference problem to solenoid operation observed.
 - STT is on for 06 e- runs, and is taking data.

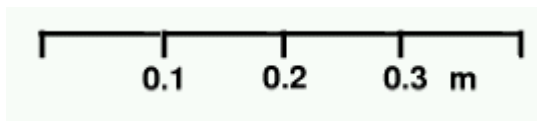
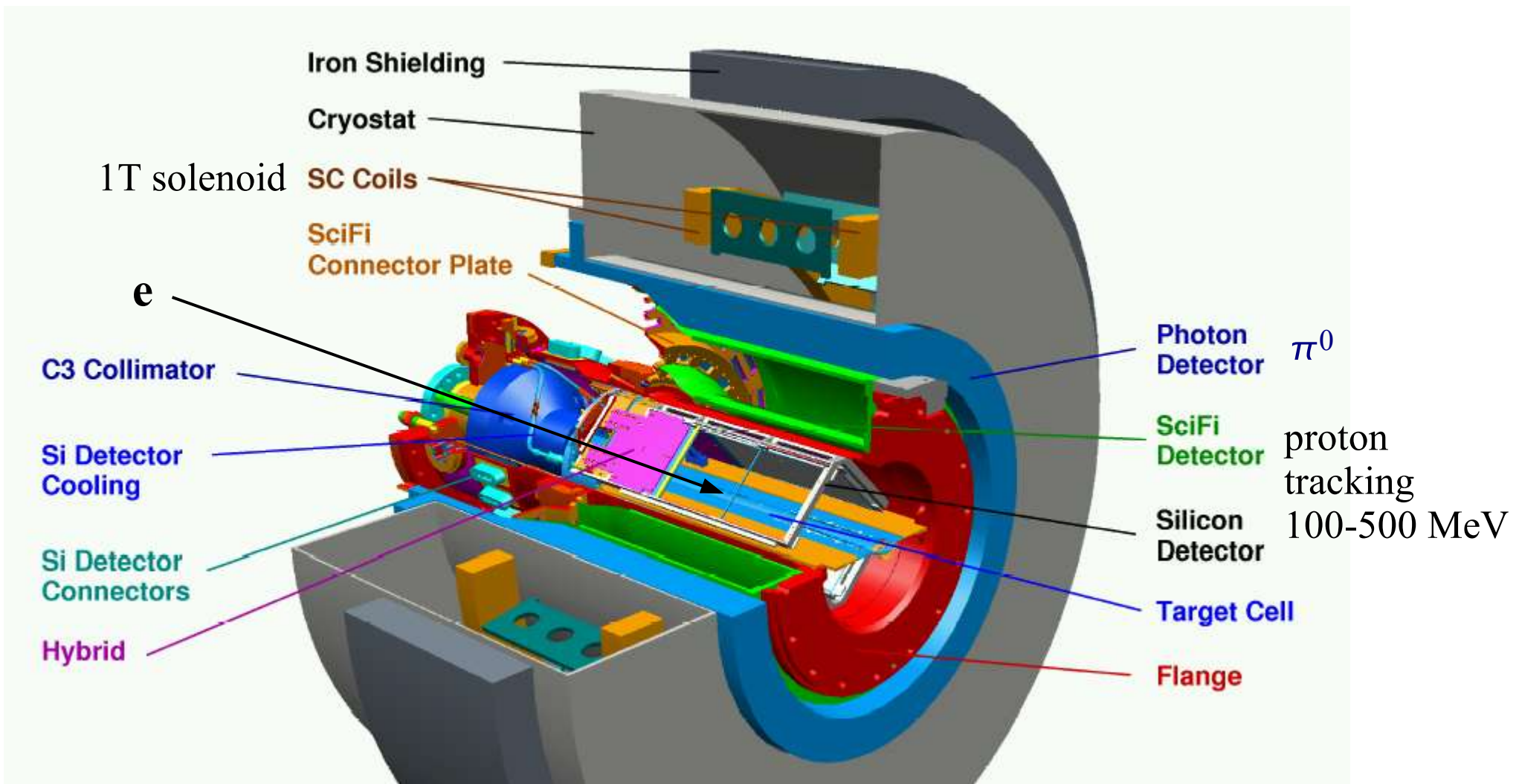


H1 silicon tracker

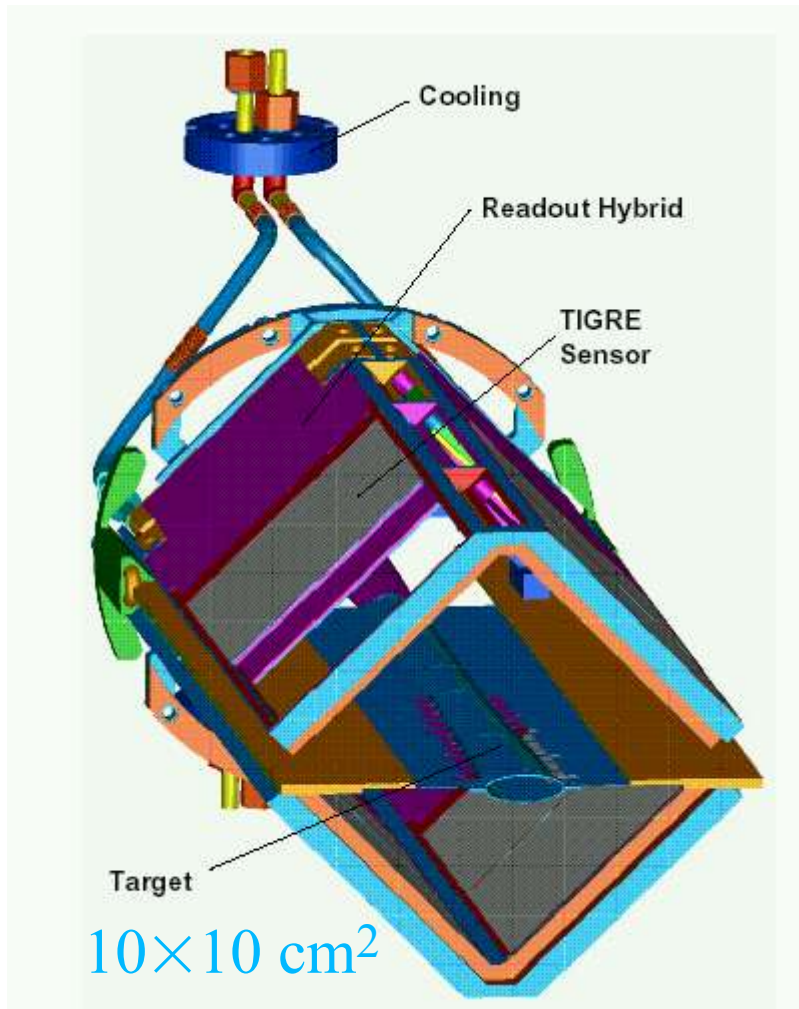
- 11 double-sided wheels of silicon strip detectors repaired in 2005.
- Complete silicon tracking for 2006/07.



Hermes recoil detector

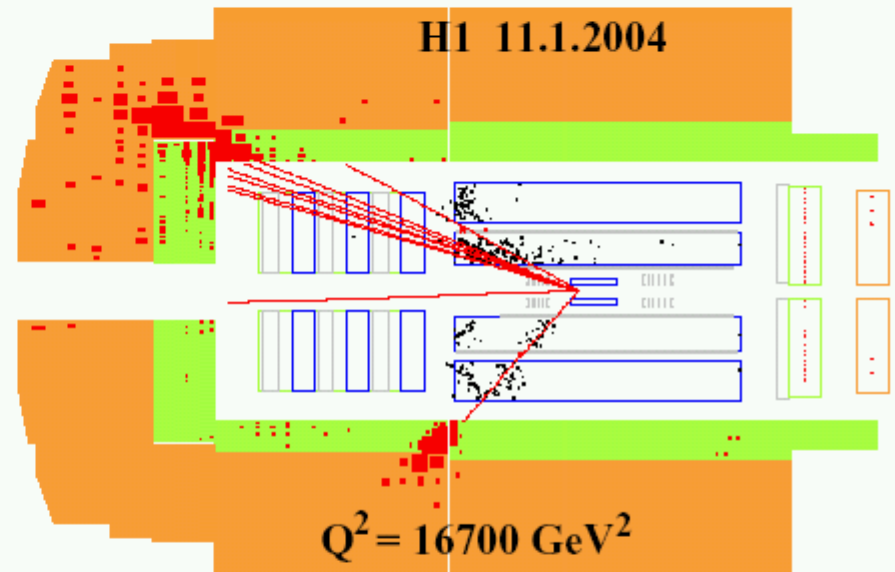
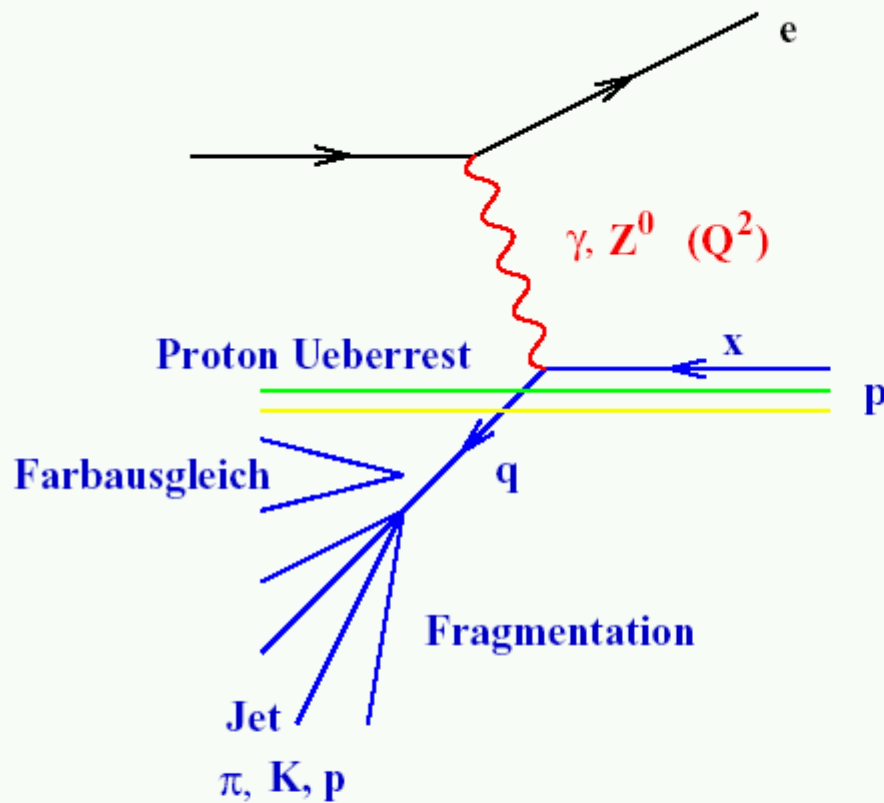


Hermes recoil silicon detector



- Installed in Jan '06.
- Target cell damaged with beam in Mar '06.
- Radiation damage: 80-100 krad in 3 days in May.
- Repair underway.
- Reinstall end of June '06.

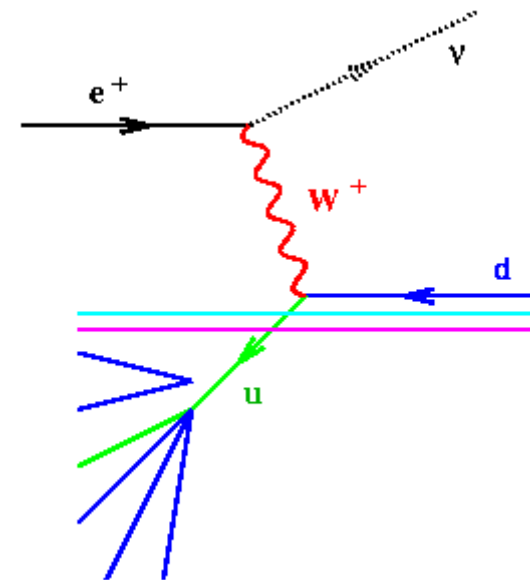
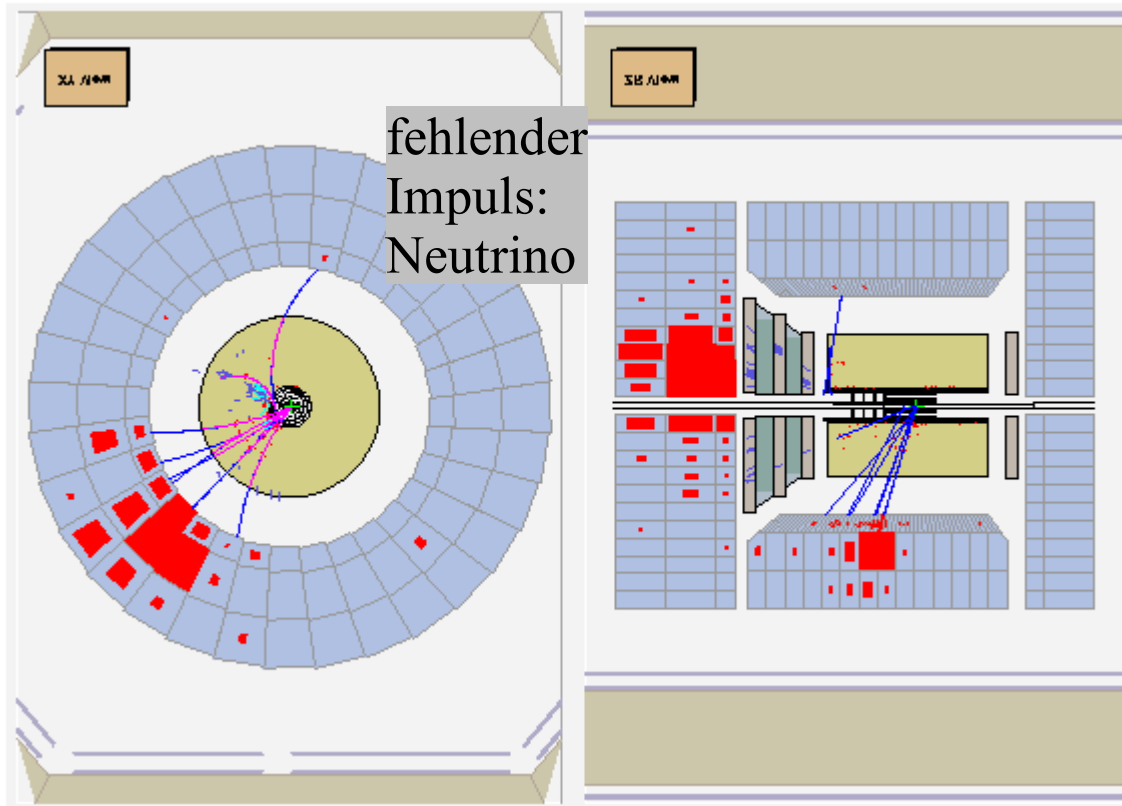
Tief-inelastische ep Streuung



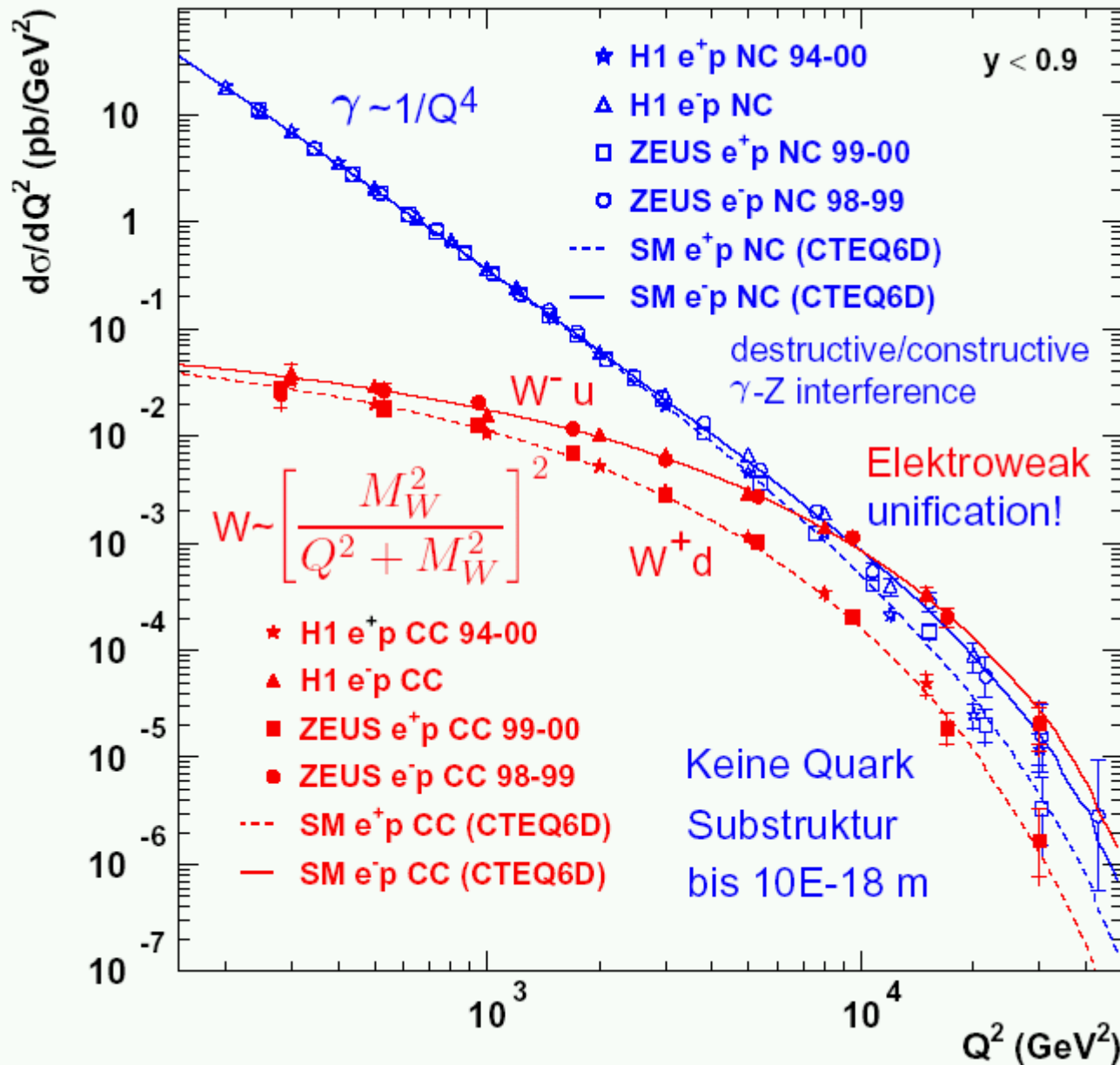
- Auflösungsvermögen:
 $\lambda \approx \frac{hc}{Q} \rightarrow 4 \cdot 10^{-18} \text{ m.}$
- Zeitauflösung:
 $t = \frac{h}{Q} \rightarrow 1.3 \cdot 10^{-26} \text{ s.}$

- HERA Schwerpunktennergie
 $\sqrt{s} = \sqrt{4E_p E_e} = 319 \text{ GeV.}$
- $Q_{\text{max}}^2 = s = 10^5 \text{ GeV}^2.$

Geladener Strom: W^\pm Austausch



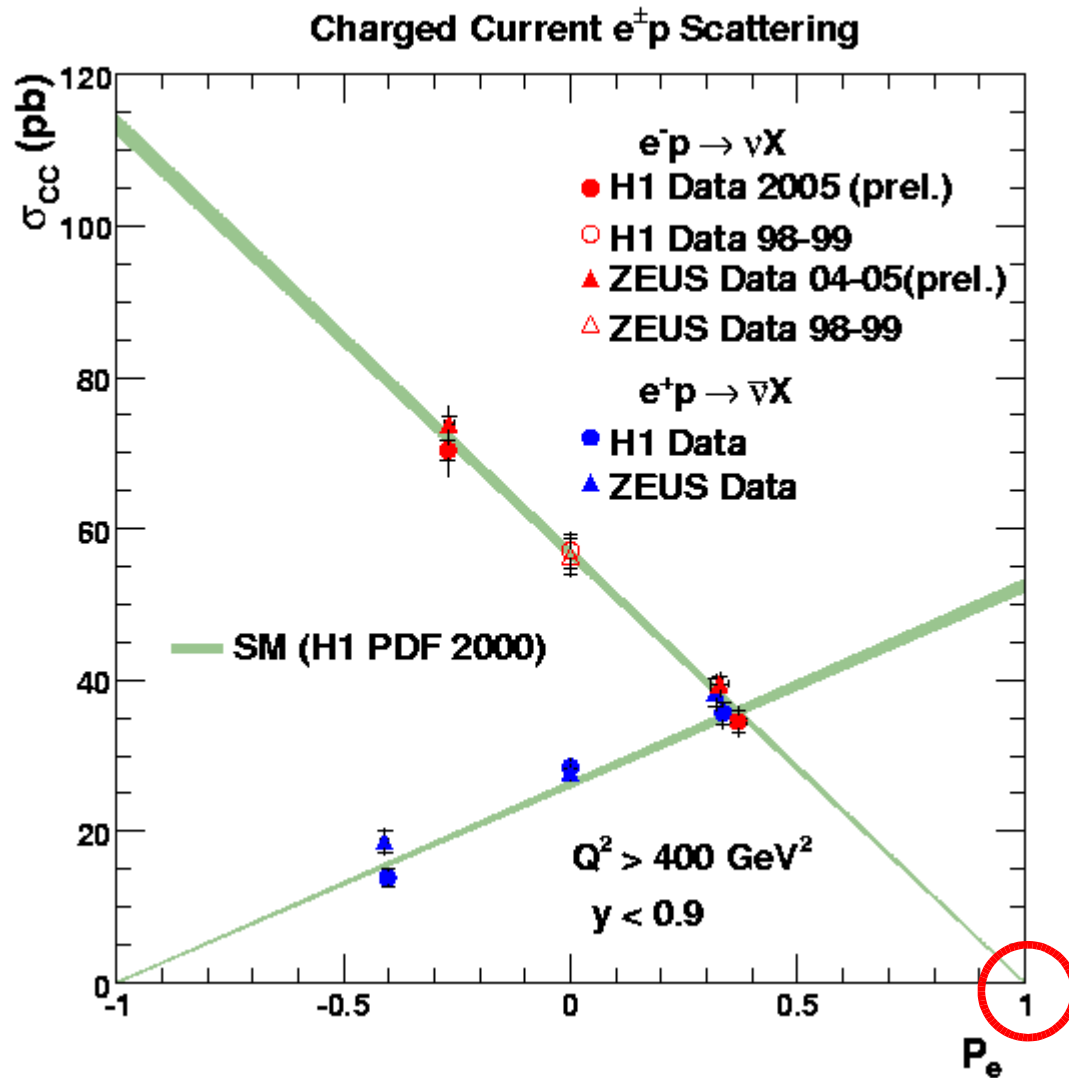
Wirkungsquerschnitte



- Textbook measurement from HERA I.

Geladener Strom mit polarisierten e^\pm

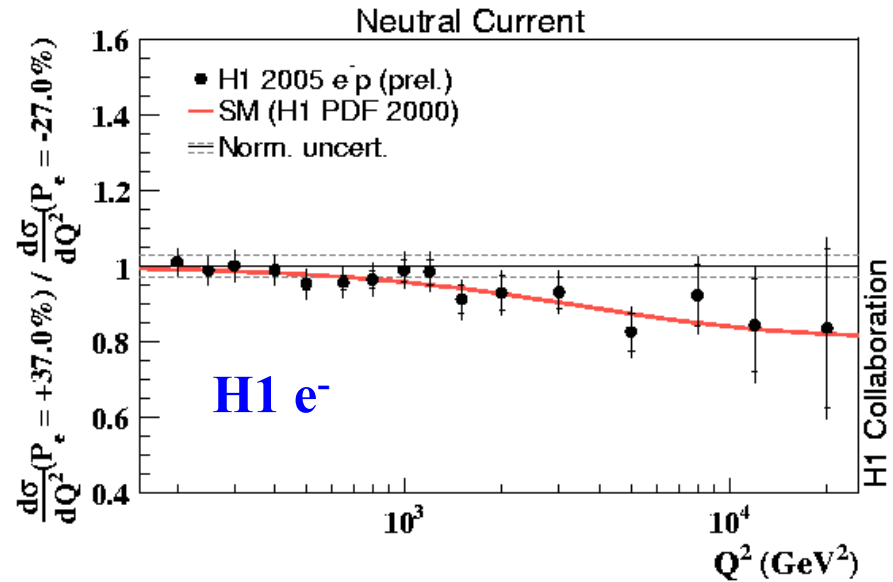
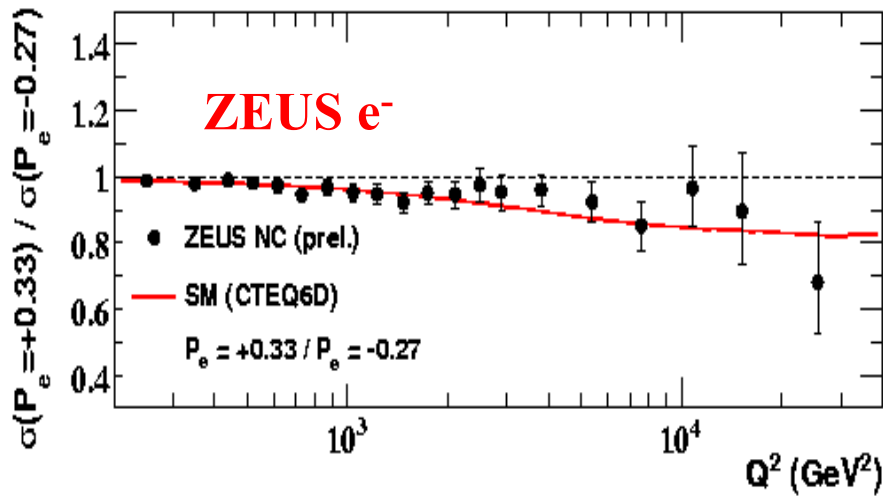
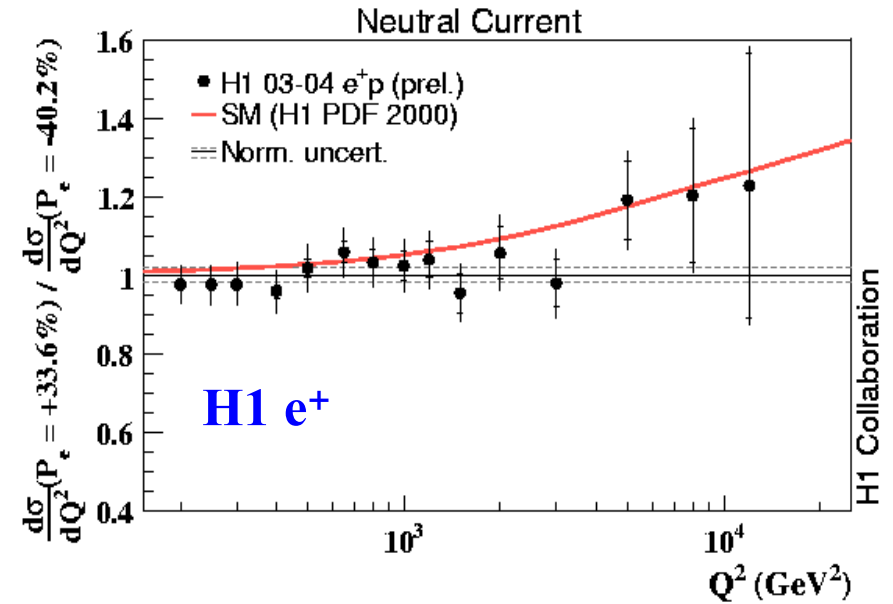
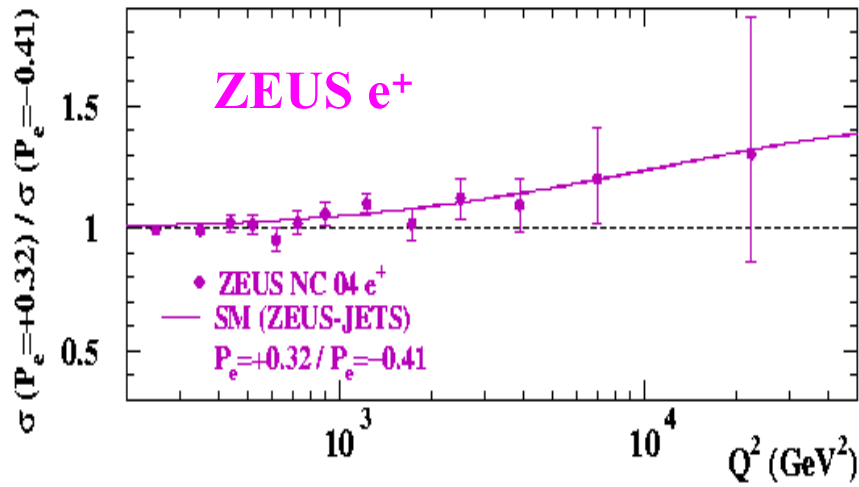
Standard Model: $\sigma(P) = (1-P)\sigma_0$



- Textbook measurement!

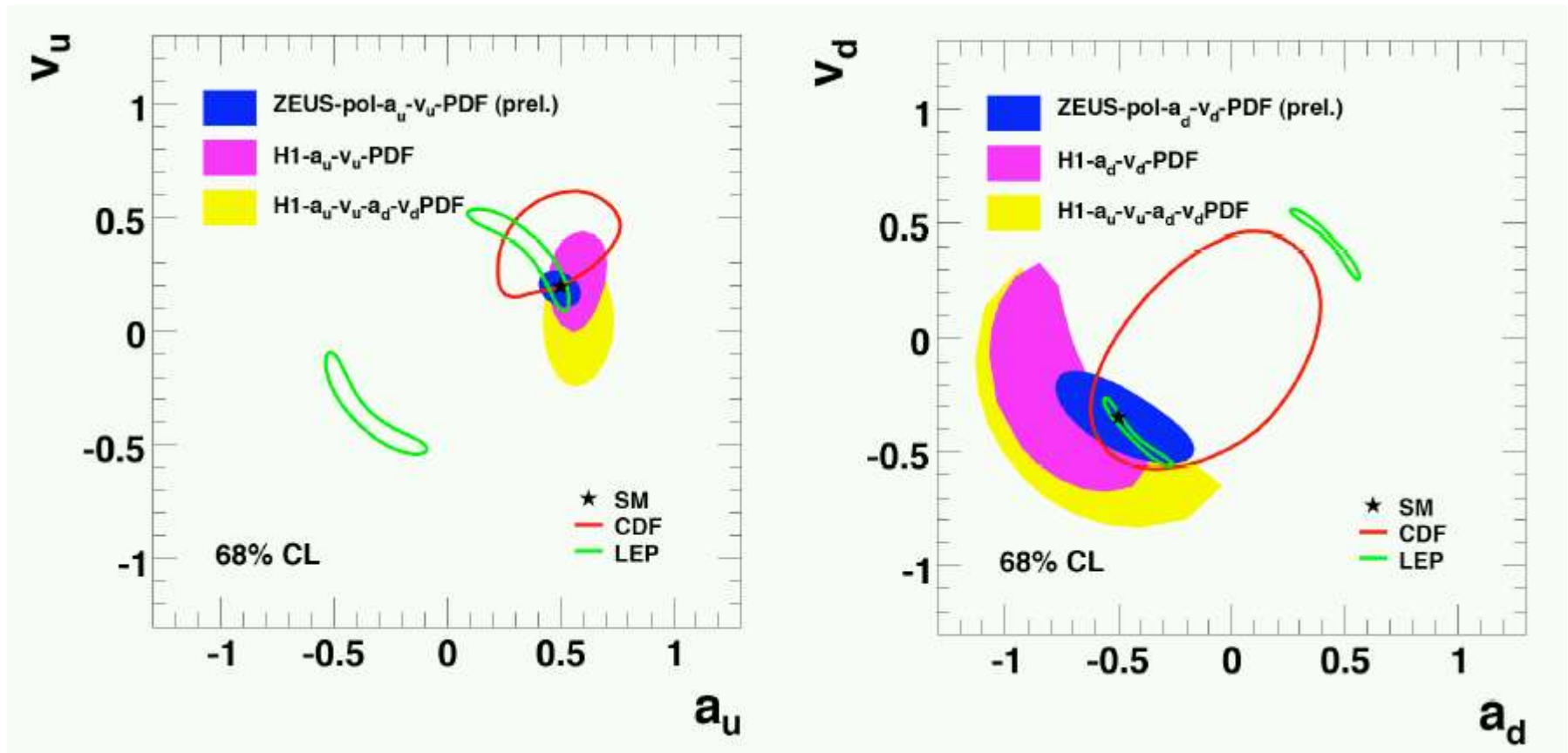
limit: $m(W_R) > 186 \text{ GeV}$.

Neutraler Strom mit polarisierten e^\pm



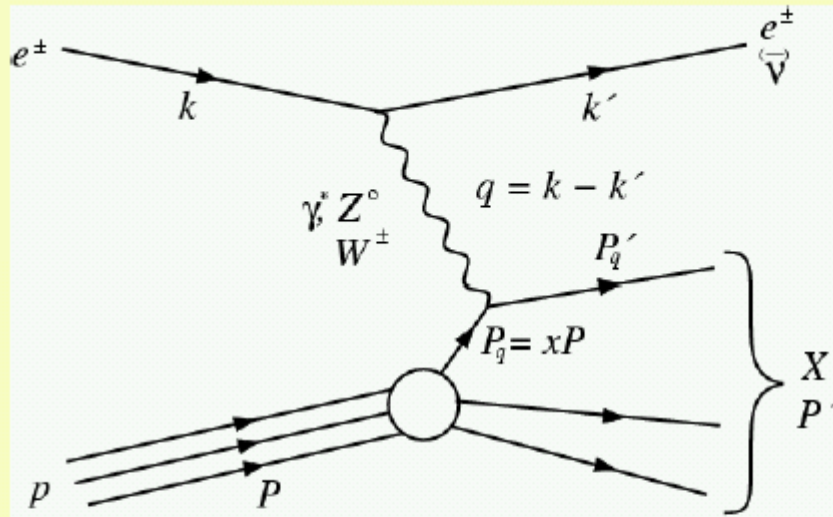
Clear observation of electro-weak effects in neutral current interactions.

Z0 couplings to u and d quarks



- ZEUS: with polarized HERA II data
- H1: unpolarized HERA I data.
- Ultimately: combine H1 and ZEUS!
- **Electroweak precision physics from HERA.**

Tief-inelastische Streuung



DIS cross section and
Structure Functions:

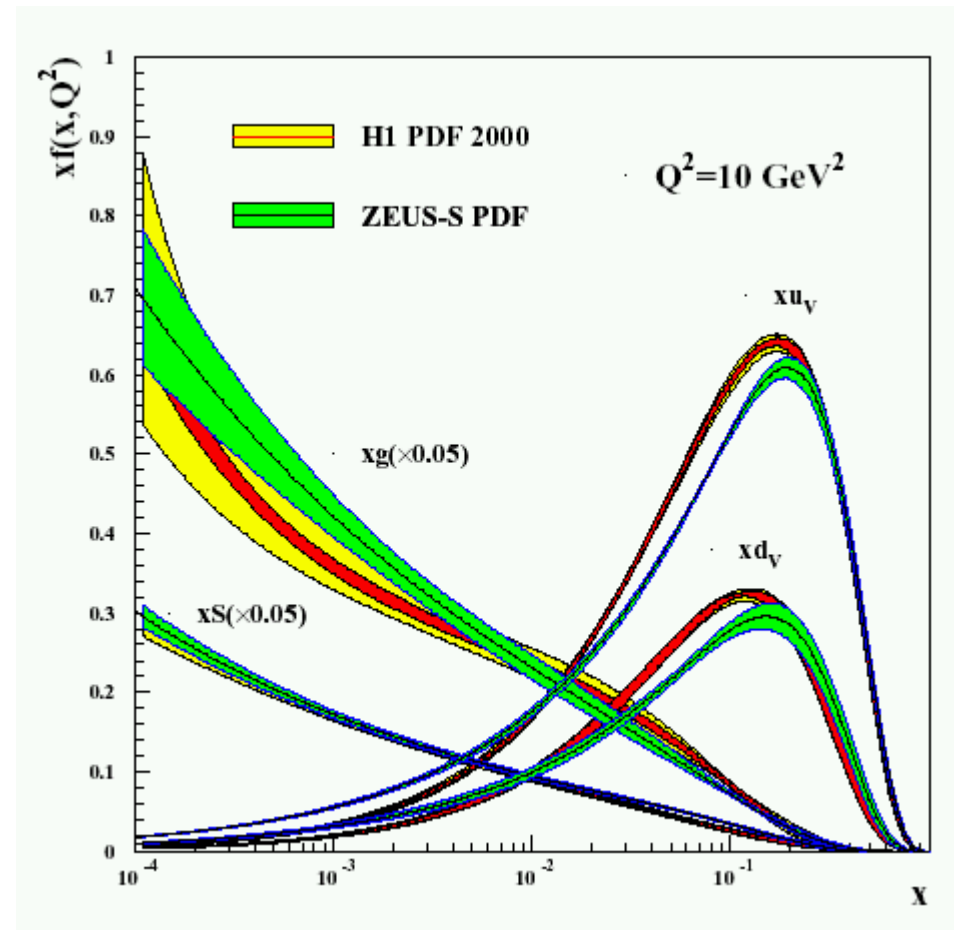
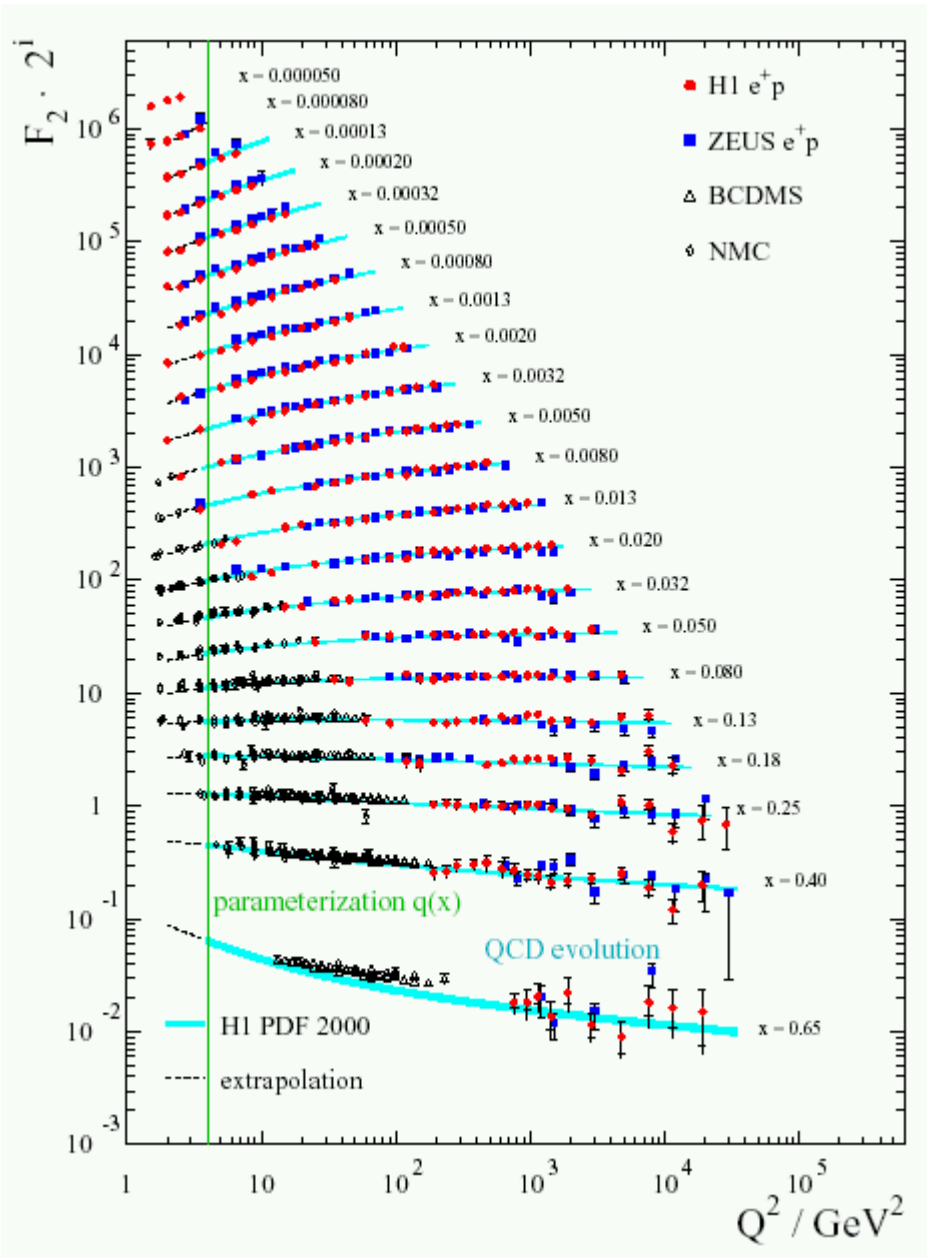
$$\frac{d^2\sigma_{NC}^{e^+p}}{dx dQ^2} = \frac{2\pi\alpha^2}{xQ^4} (1+(1-y)^2) \left[F_2 - \frac{y^2}{1+(1-y)^2} F_L \right]$$

$$Q^2 = -q^2 \quad \text{virtuality of } \gamma^*, Z^0, W^\pm$$

$$x = Q^2/2(pq) \quad \text{Bjorken scaling variable}$$

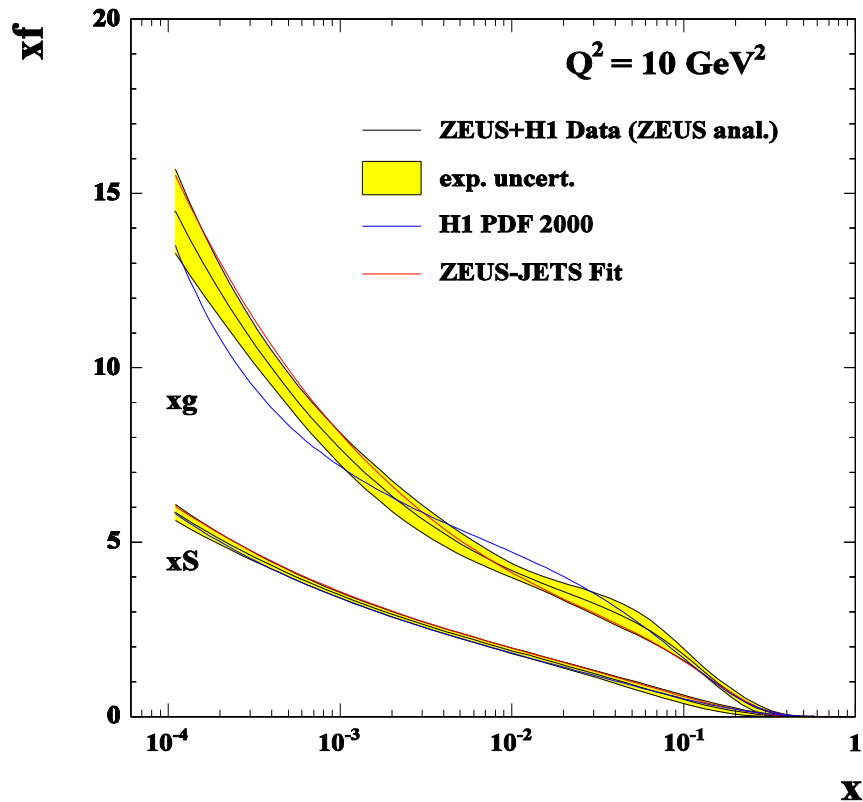
$$y = (Pq)/(pk) \quad \text{inelasticity}$$

F2 and QCD analysis

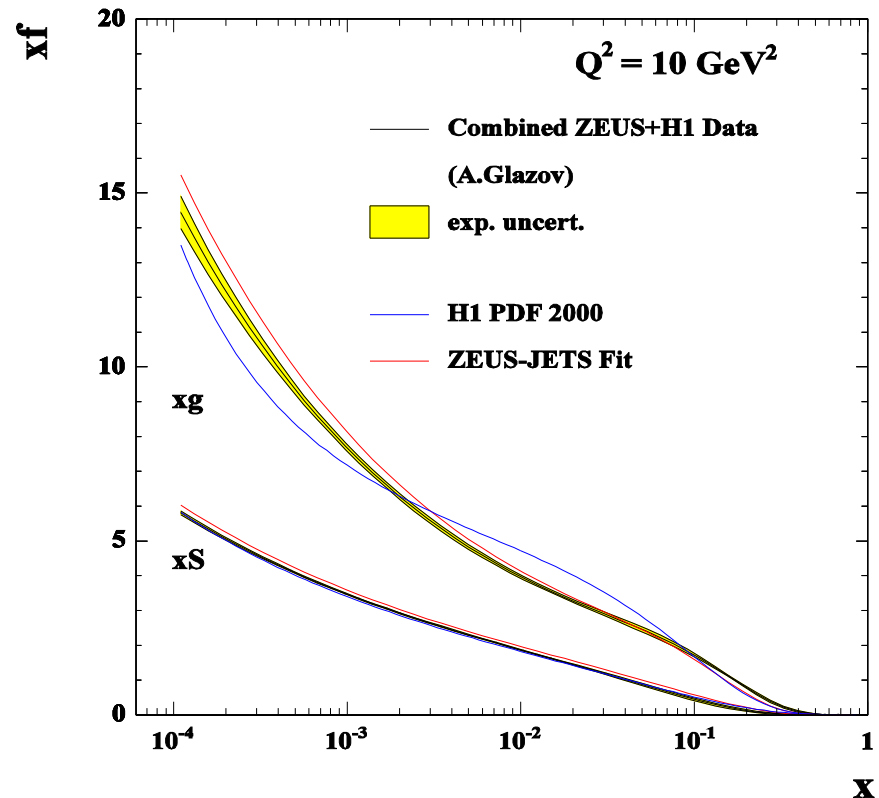


Average of HERA data

Fit PDF to H1 & ZEUS:

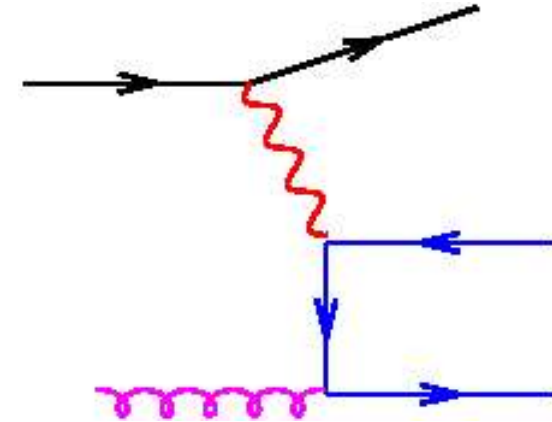
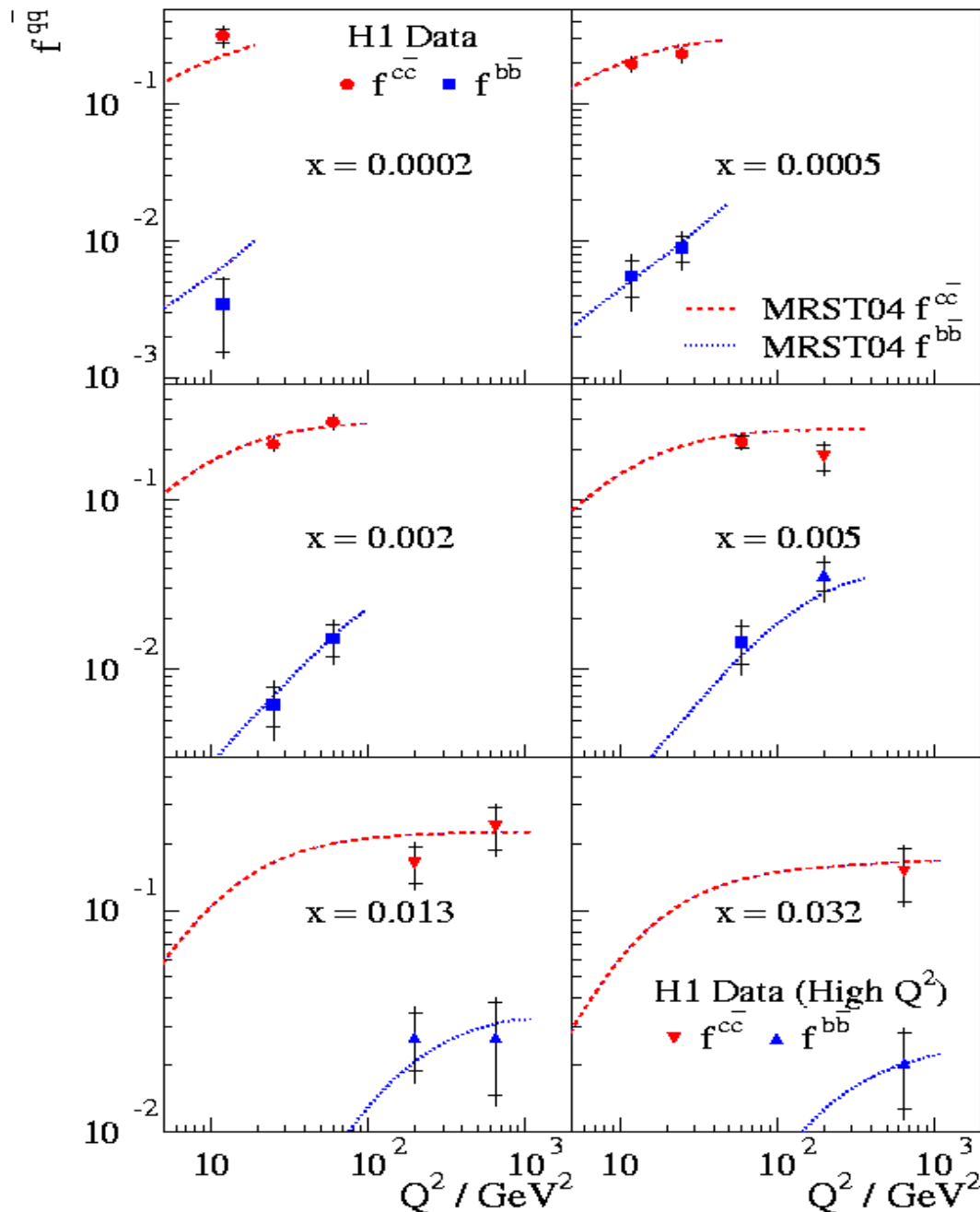


Average H1 & ZEUS, then fit:



Averaging H1 and ZEUS leads to reduced uncertainties due to cross-determination of systematic errors.

Charm and beauty in the proton



- Charm contributes 10-30% to F_2 .
- Beauty contributes 0.5-3%
- More data to come with ZEUS and H1 silicon vertex detectors.

FL

$$\frac{d^2\sigma}{dx dQ^2} = \frac{2\pi\alpha^2 Y_+}{Q^4 x} \left[F_2(x, Q^2) - f(y) \cdot F_L(x, Q^2) \right] = \frac{2\pi\alpha^2 Y_+}{Q^4 x} \sigma_r$$

with $f(y) = \frac{y^2}{Y_+}$ and $Y_+ = \left[1 + (1-y)^2 \right]$

$Q^2 = sxy$, $s = 4E_e E_p \Rightarrow$ vary E_p to get $f(y)$ at fixed x , Q^2 .

$$F_L = \left(\frac{Q^2}{4\pi^2 \alpha} \right) \sigma_L \quad \text{absorption of longitudinal virtual photons.}$$

Helicity conservation for on-shell quarks: $\sigma_L = 0$.

$$\text{QCD: } F_L = \frac{\alpha_s}{4\pi} x^2 \int_x^1 \frac{dz}{z^3} \left[\frac{16}{3} F_2 + 8 \sum e_q^2 \left(1 - \frac{x}{z} \right) z g \right]$$

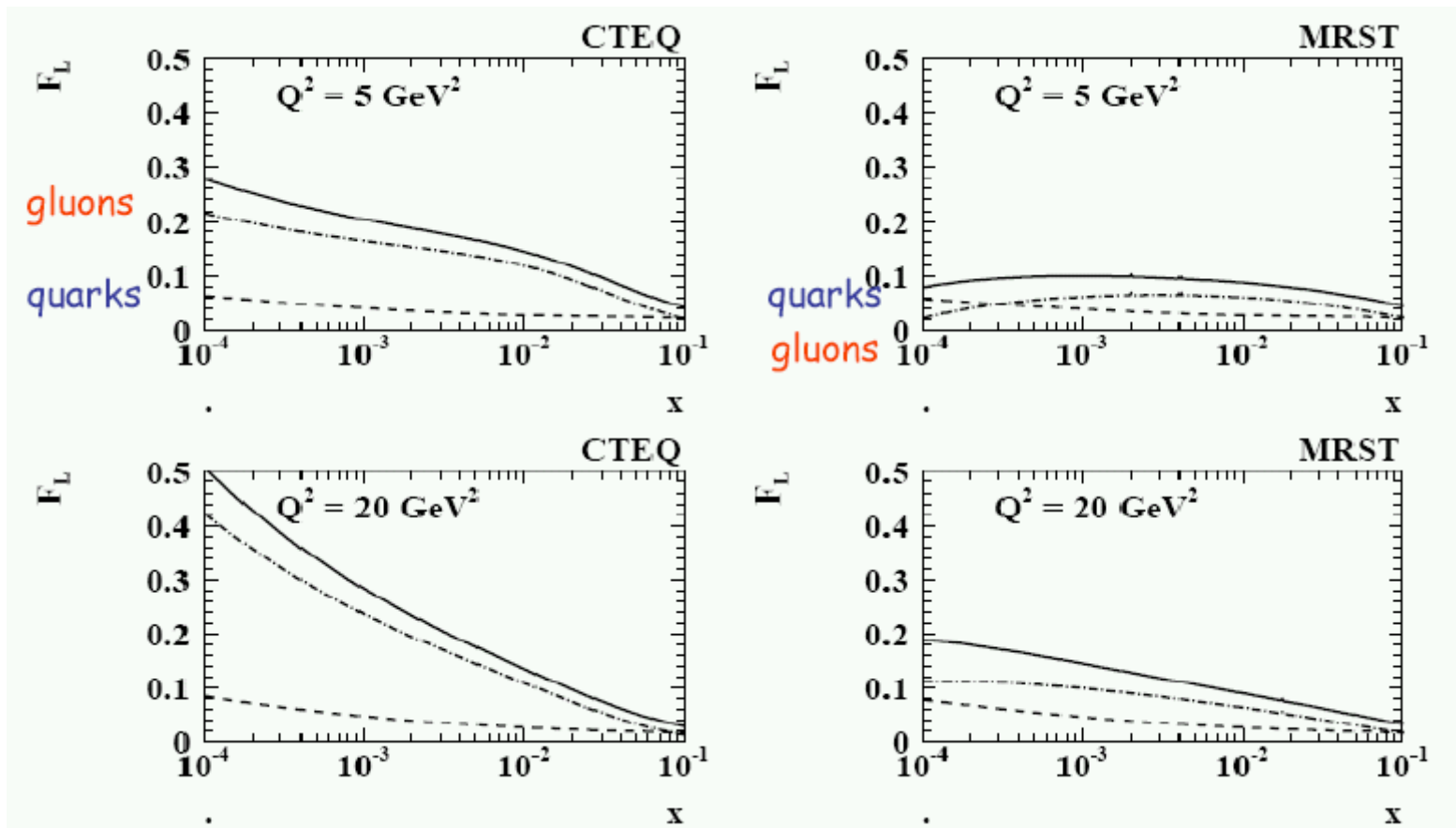
Altarelli, Martinelli 1978

$q \rightarrow qg$

$g \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ dominates

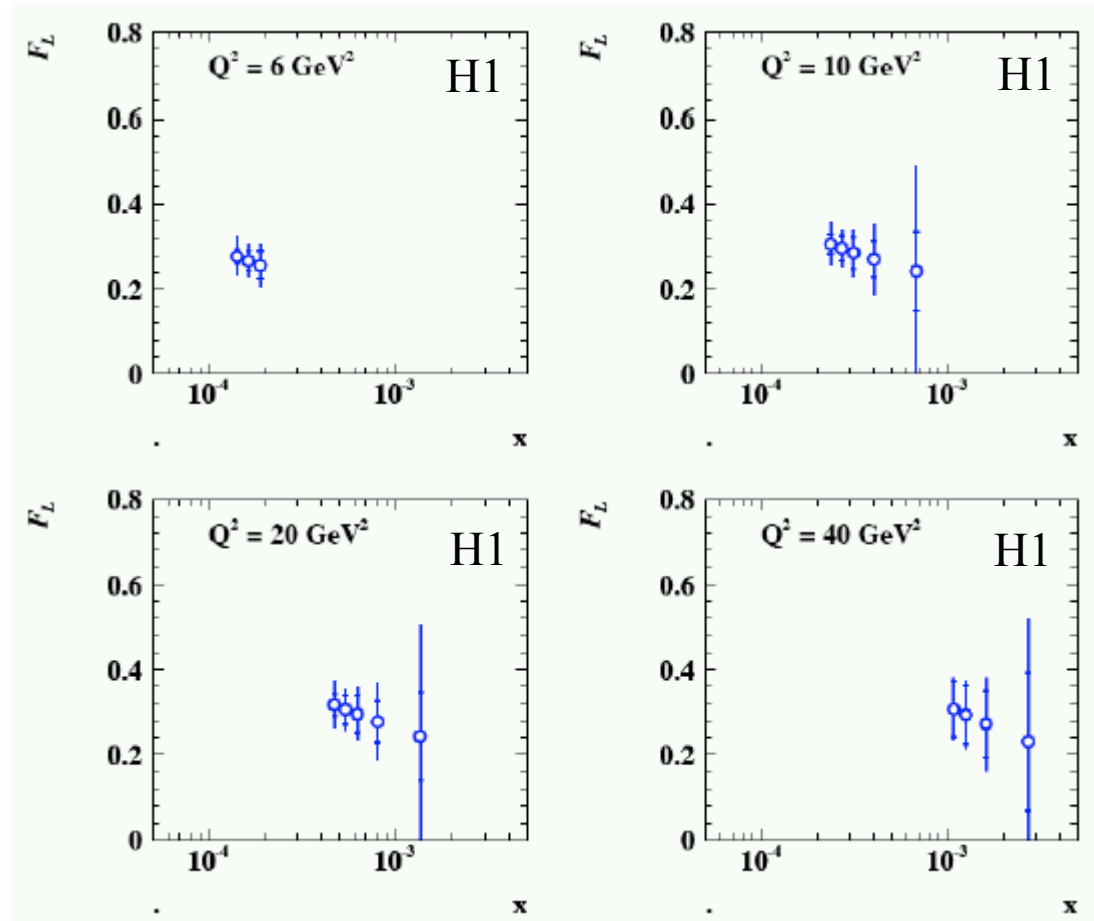
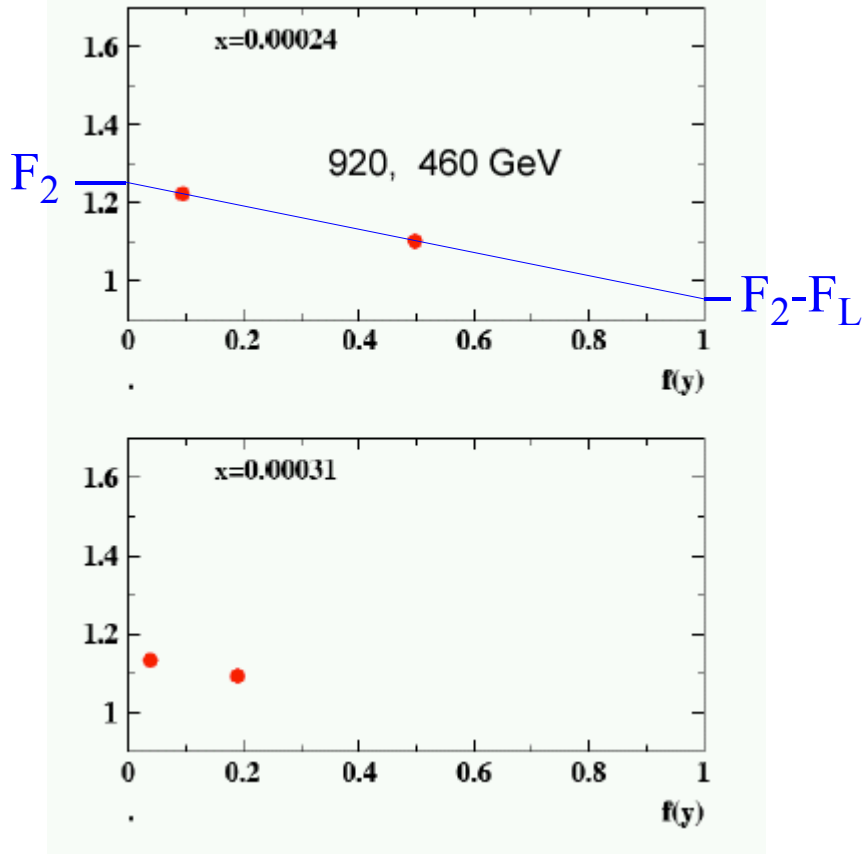
FL

$$F_L = \frac{\alpha_S}{4\pi} x^2 \int_x^1 \frac{dz}{z^3} \left[\frac{16}{3} F_2 + 8 \sum e_q^2 \left(1 - \frac{x}{z}\right) z g \right]$$



FL simulation

$$\sigma_r = F_2 - f(y) \cdot F_L$$



10 pb⁻¹ at 460 GeV: statistical and systematic error are similar.

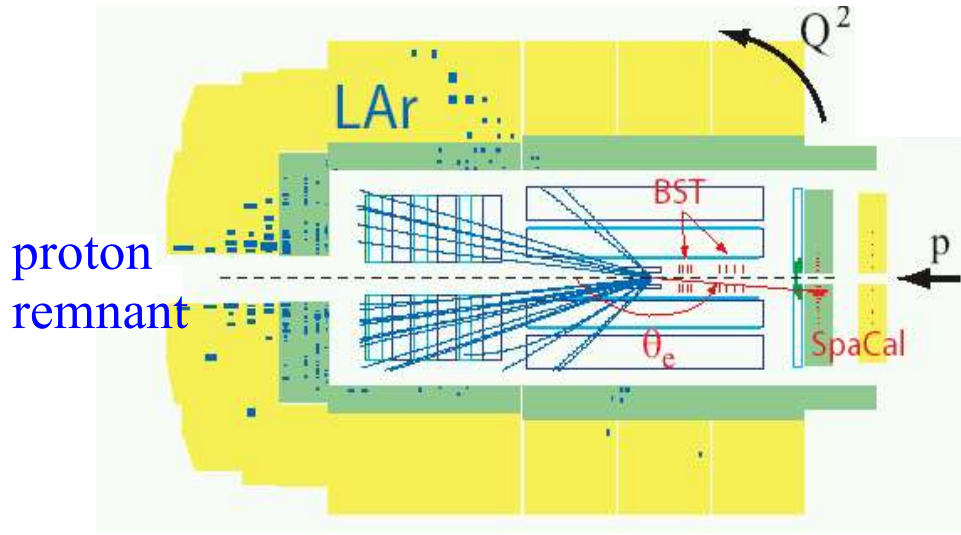
ZEUS: larger systematics at low Q²: photo-production background.

HERA: $\mathcal{L} = 1.5 \cdot 10^{31} / \text{cm}^2 \text{s}$ at 460 GeV

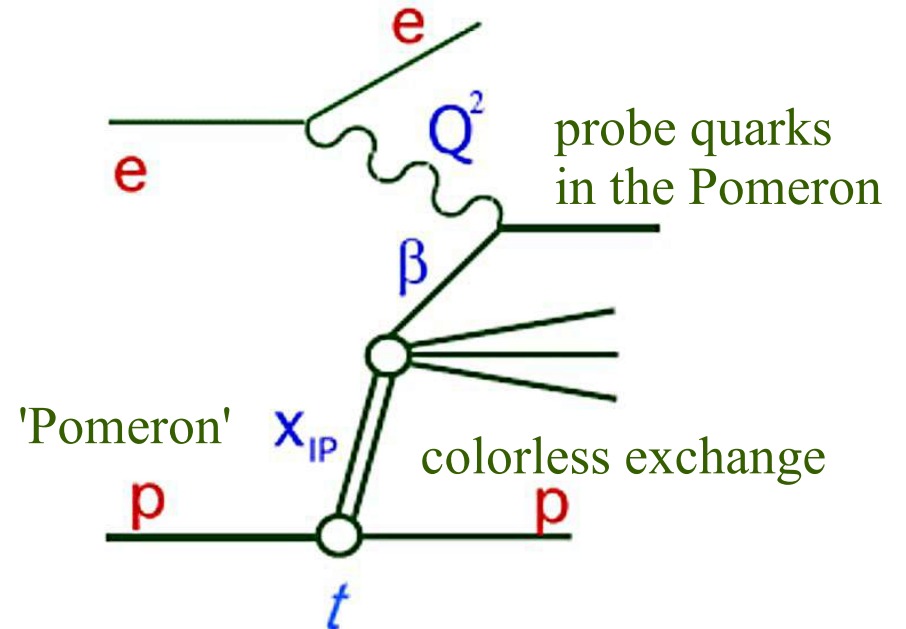
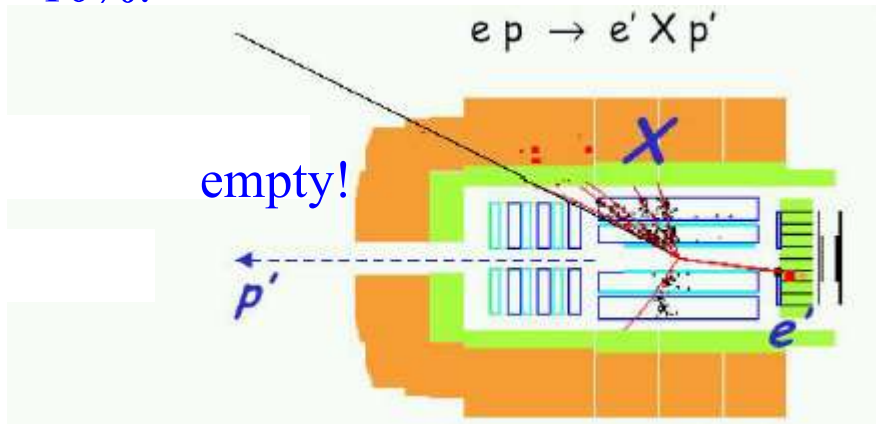
Need 3 months for 10 pb⁻¹.

Diffraction

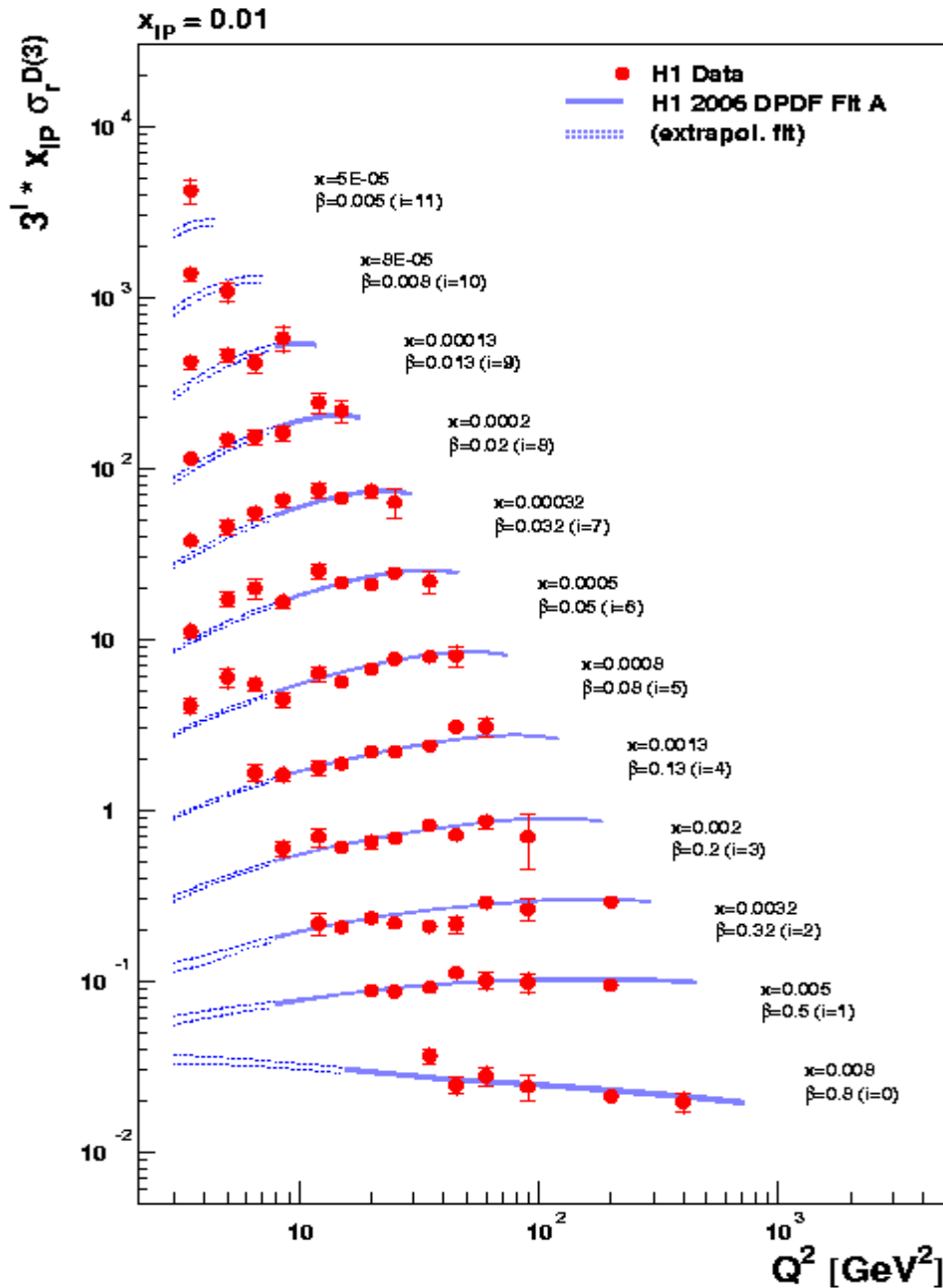
normal DIS:



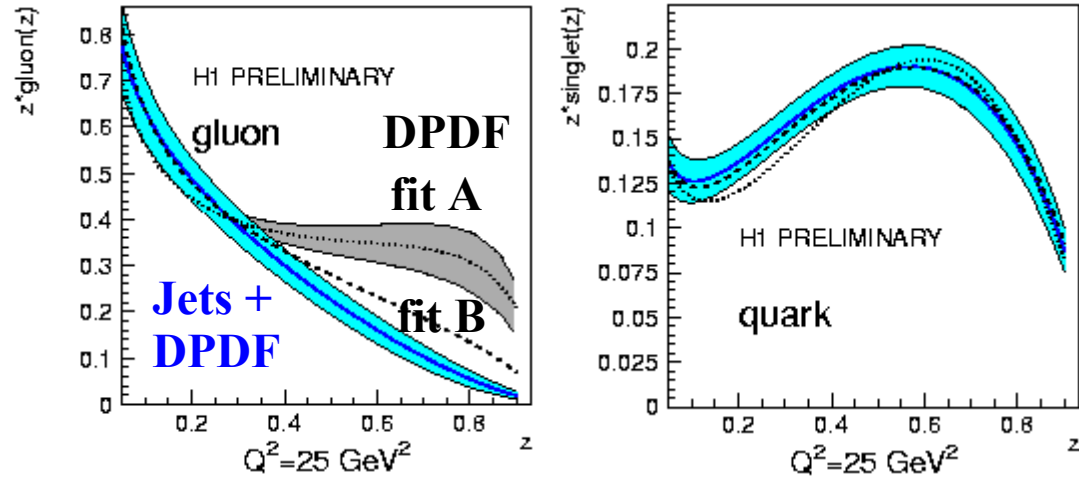
10%:



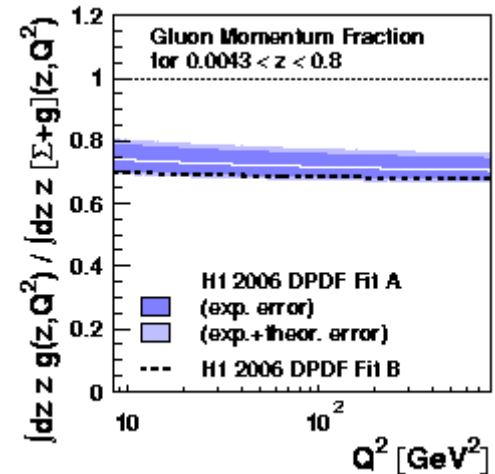
QCD analysis of Diffractive DIS



Pomeron parton extraction:

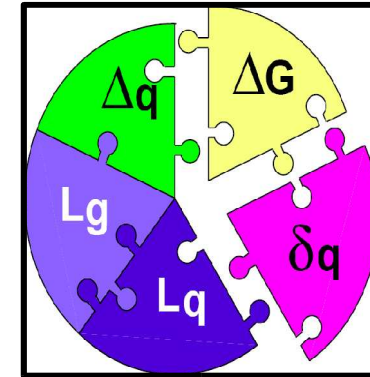
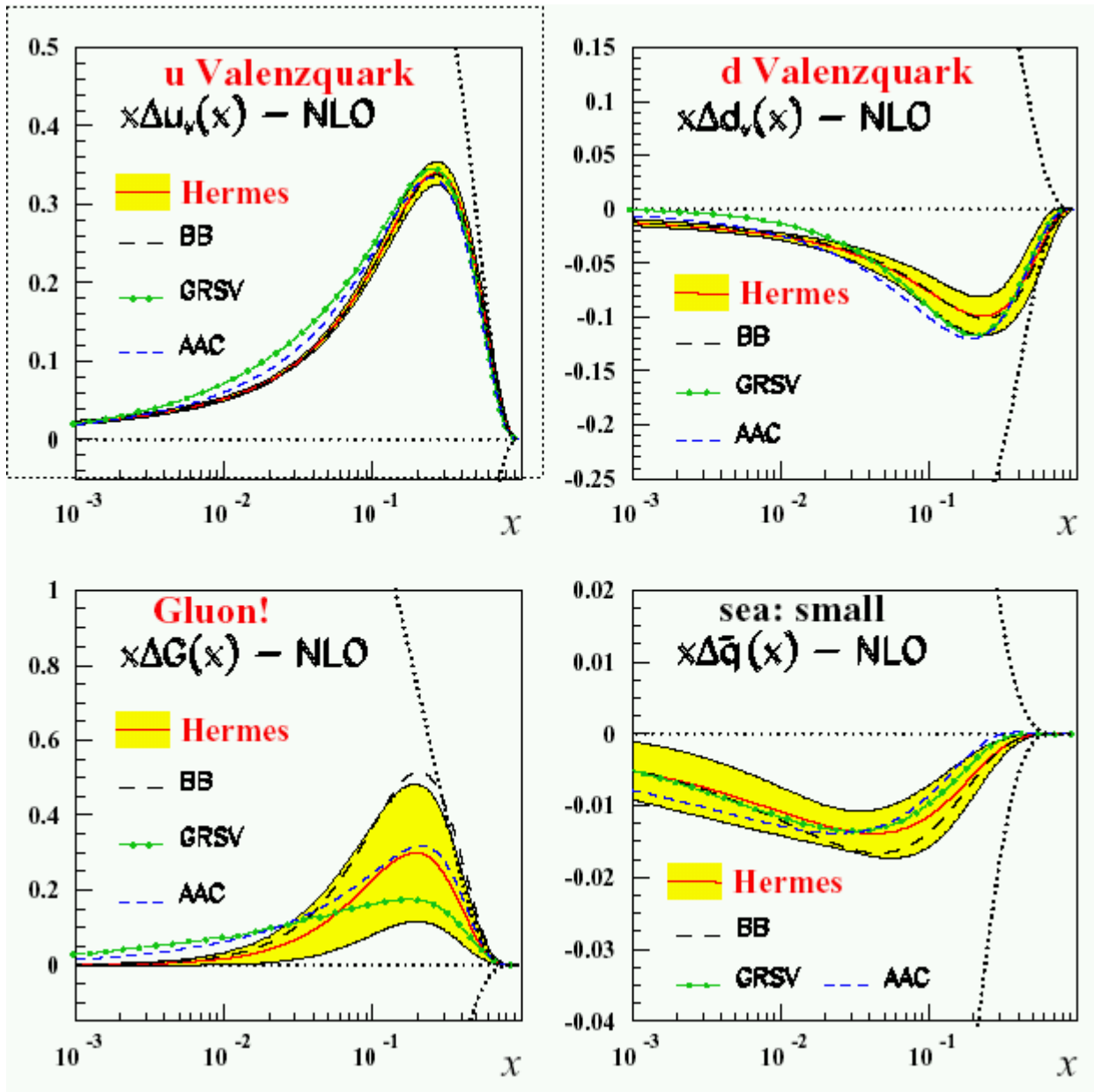


Gluons carry 70% of the Pomeron momentum:



Proton spin density

QCD analysis of the g_1 polarized structure function:



$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \underbrace{\left(\overset{\sim 30\%}{\Delta u + \Delta d + \Delta s} \right)}_{J_q} + L_q + \underbrace{\Delta G + L_g}_{J_g}$$

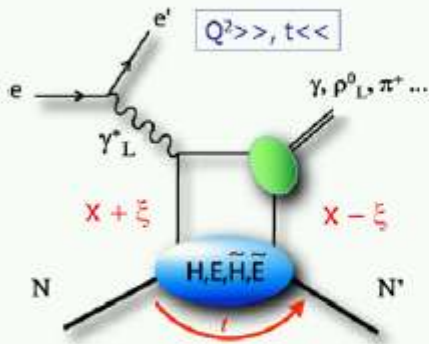
New Hermes result from K^\pm production in DIS:

$$\Delta s \approx 0$$

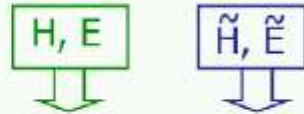
What about angular momentum?

Towards parton angular momentum

Generalised Parton Distributions (GPDs)



GPDs @twist-2:



quantum number of final state
selects different GPDs:

→ DVCS ←

HERMES: interference between
DVCS and Bethe-Heitler

DVCS asymmetries:

$$\text{BCA} (e^+, e^-) \sim \text{Re} \mathbf{H} \cdot \cos \phi$$

$$\text{BSA} (P_{\text{beam}}^+, P_{\text{beam}}^-) \sim \text{Im} \mathbf{H} \cdot \sin \phi$$

$$\text{LTSA} (P_{\text{targ.}}^+, P_{\text{targ.}}^-) \sim \text{Im} \tilde{\mathbf{H}} \cdot \sin \phi$$

Transverse Target-Spin Asymmetry

will allow the first determination
of J_u through certain GPD models

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \underbrace{(\Delta u + \Delta d + \Delta s)}_{J_q} + \underbrace{\Delta G + L_g}_{J_g}$$

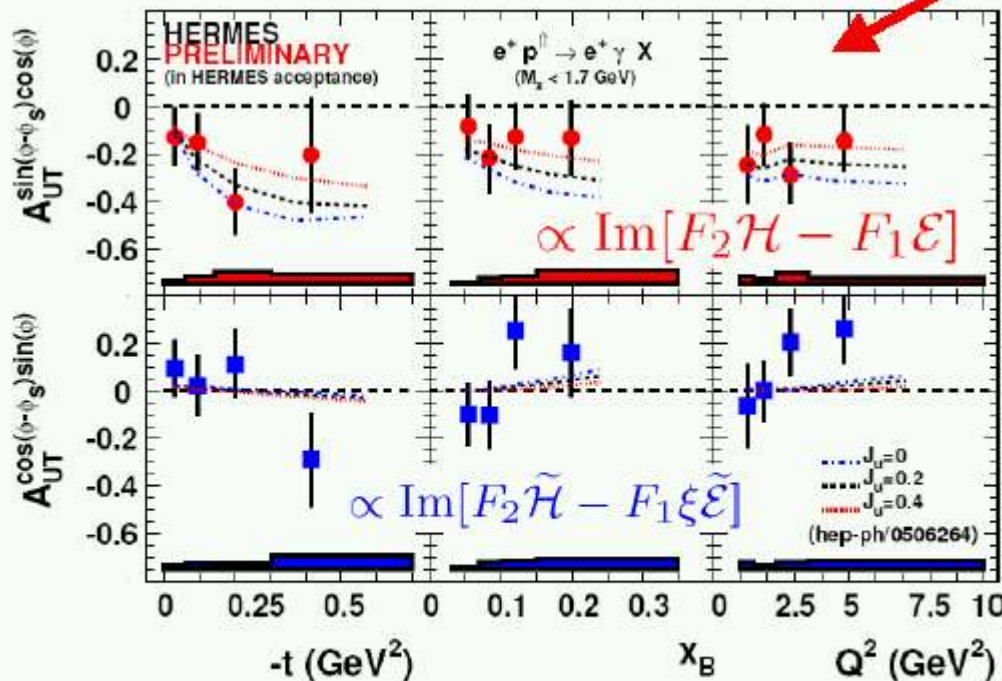
~30%

Ji's Sum Rule:

$$J_{q,g} = \frac{1}{2} \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \int_{-1}^1 dx \cdot x \cdot [H_{q,g}(x, \xi, t) + E_{q,g}(x, \xi, t)]$$

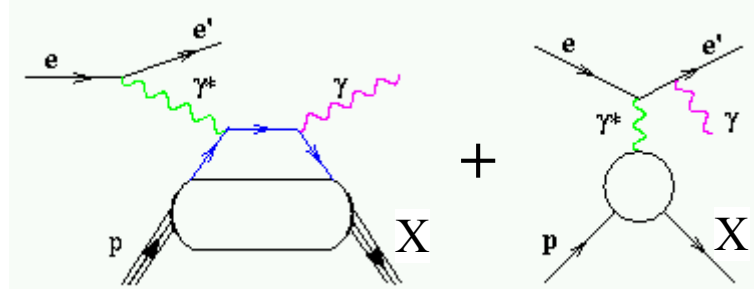
Recoil detector (2006/2007)

- detection of recoil proton
- background free DVCS
(bkg ~5% → < 1%)

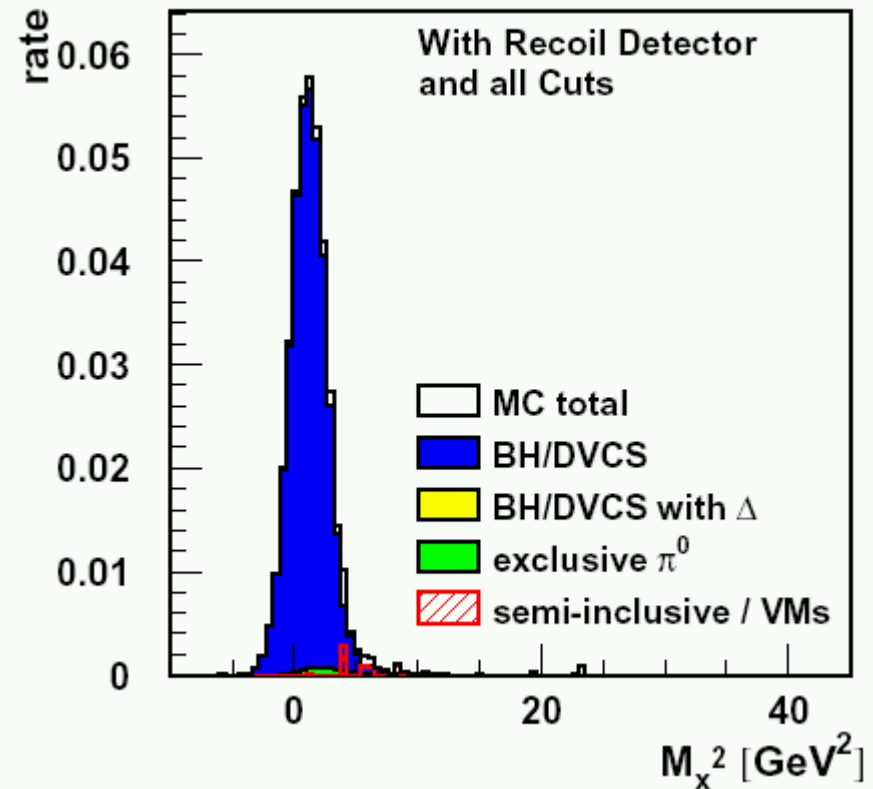
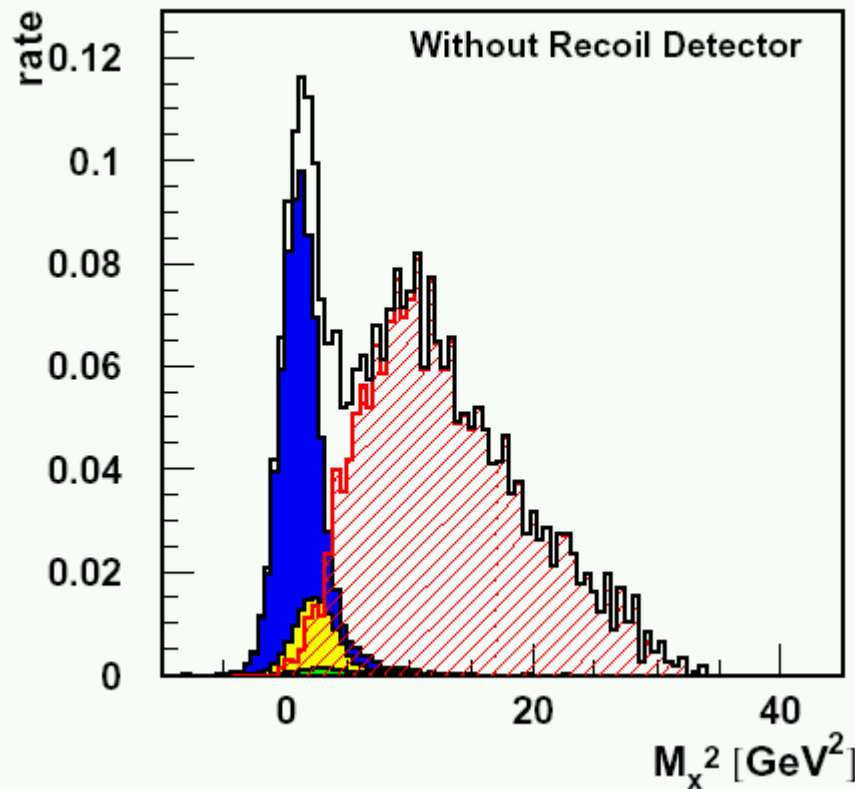


DVCS recoil spectrum

Deeply-virtual
Compton scattering



Bethe-Heitler
Bremsstrahlung



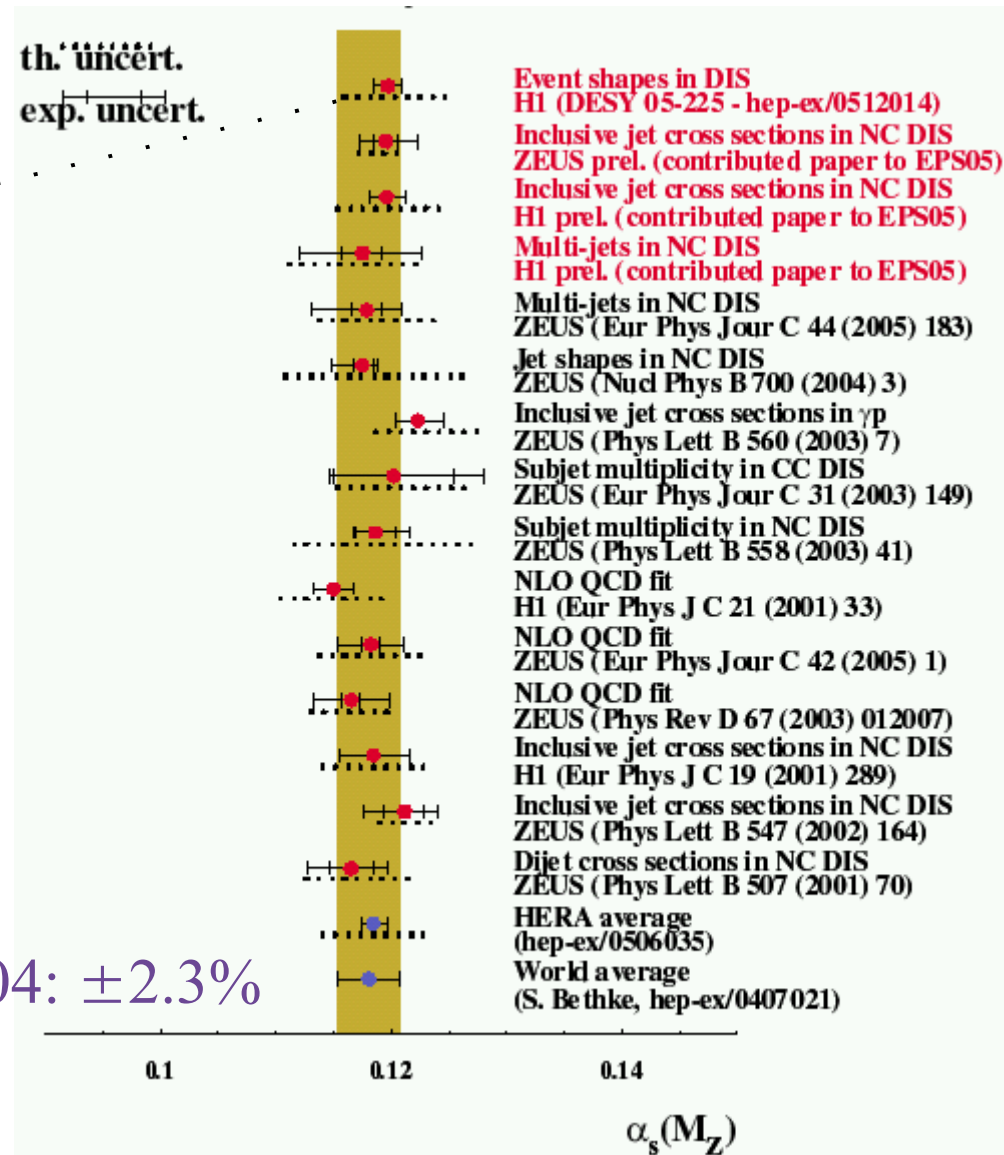
Recoil detector gives 'exclusivity'.

HERA determinations of the strong coupling

Theoretical uncertainty dominates: $\pm 4\%$.
 Need to use higher order (NNLO) QCD calculations.

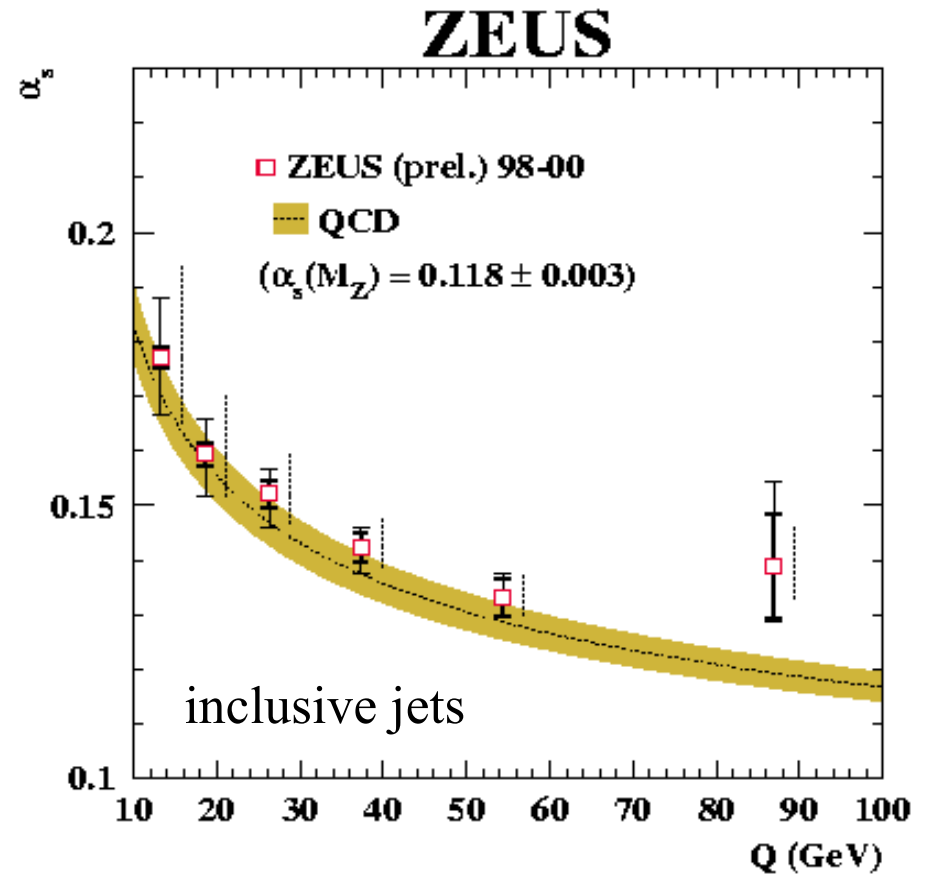
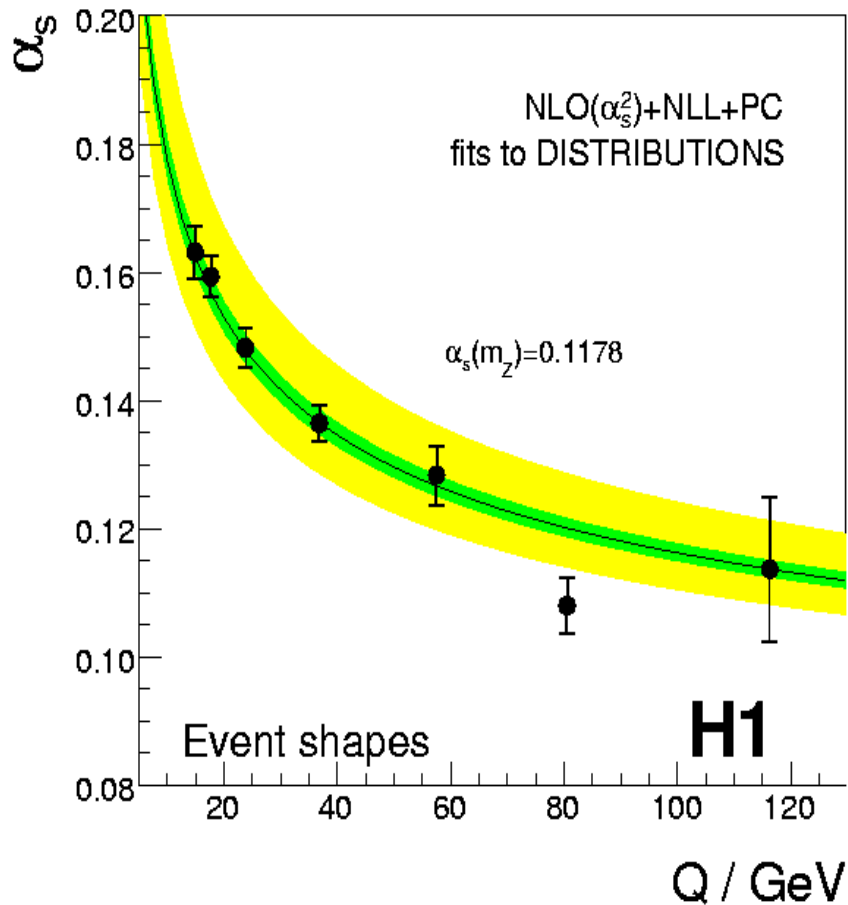
Goal for HERA:
 α_s to 1%

World average 2004: $\pm 2.3\%$



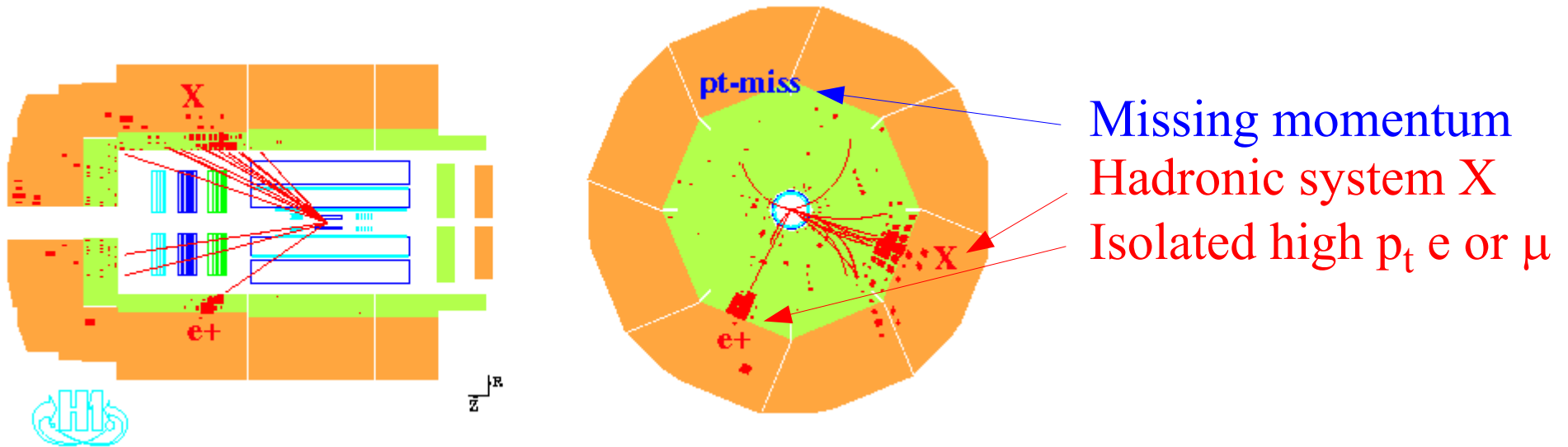
Running coupling constant in QCD

α_s measurements from HERA:

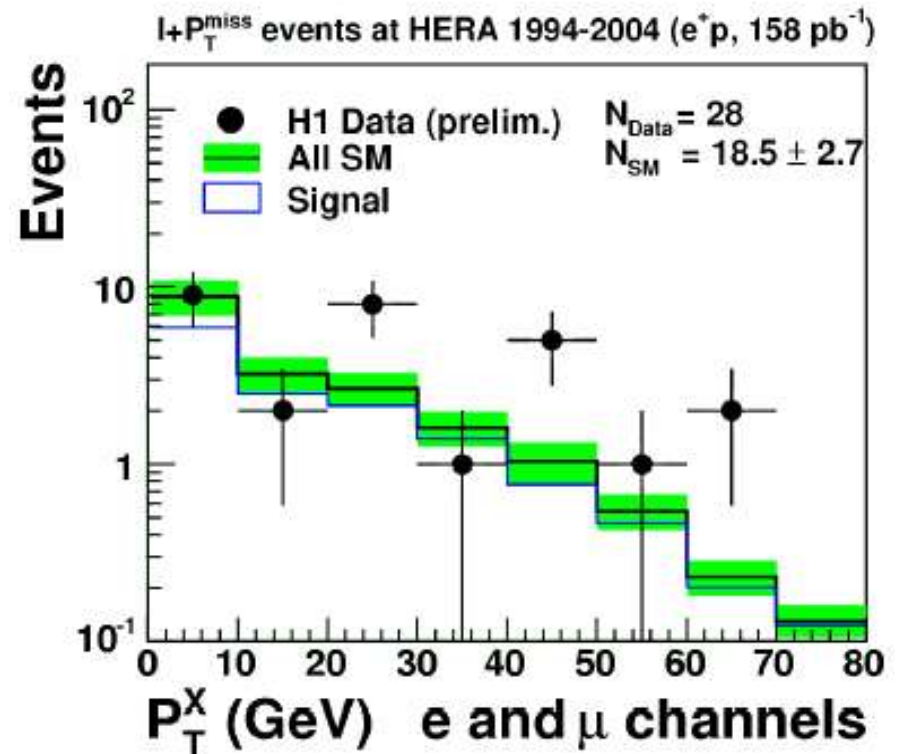
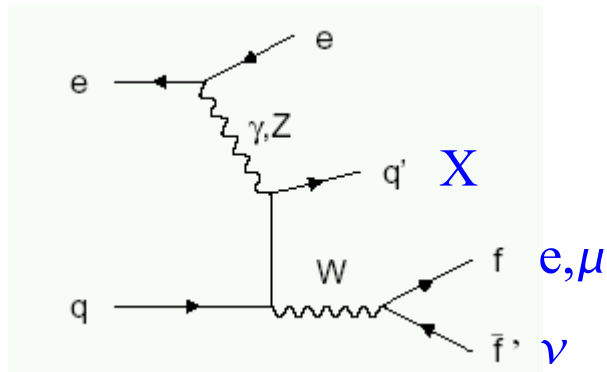


Nobel prize 2004 for Gross, Wilczek, Politzer for predicting this in 1973.

HERA isolated lepton events



Standard model:
W production
but: expect small P_T^X



Isolated leptons with large P_T^X

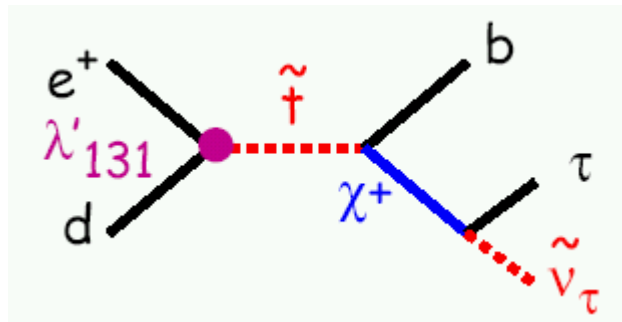


$P_T^X > 25 \text{ GeV}$	e channel obs. / exp. (signal)	μ channel obs. / exp. (signal)	τ -channel
H1 e^+p data 158 pb^{-1}	9 / 2.3 ± 0.4 (80%)	6 / 2.3 ± 0.4 (84%)	0 / 0.40 ± 0.10
H1 e^-p data 121 pb^{-1}	2 / 2.4 ± 0.5 (62%)	0 / 2.0 ± 0.3 (76%)	3 / 0.35 ± 0.10



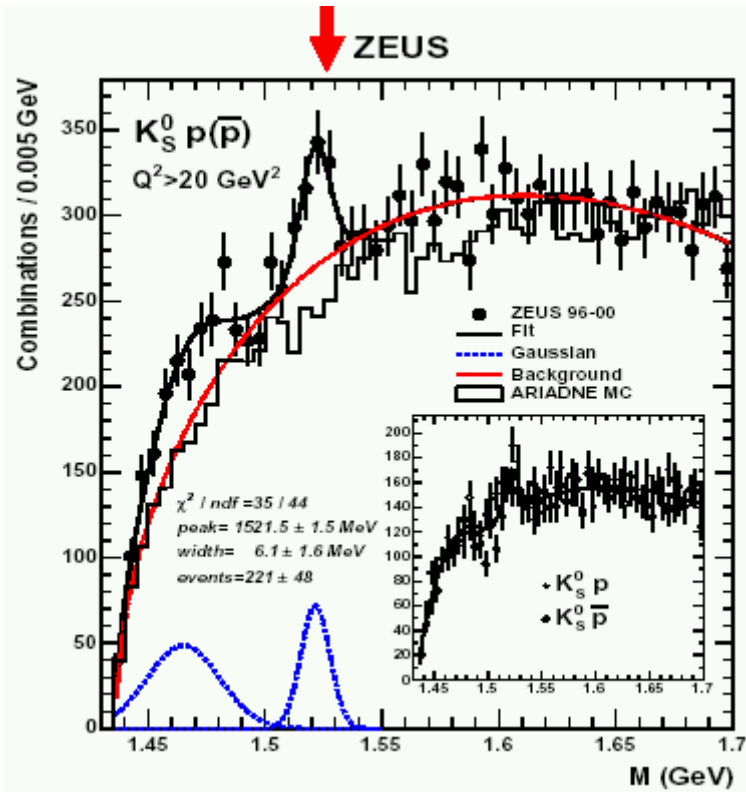
$P_T^X > 25 \text{ GeV}$	e-channel	μ -channel	τ -channel
Z e^+p 99-04 106 pb^{-1}	1 / 1.50 ± 0.13 (78%)		
Z e^+p 94-00 130 pb^{-1}			2 / 0.2 ± 0.1
Z e^-p 98-05 143 pb^{-1}	3 / 2.86 ± 0.46 (53%)		
Z e^-p 04-05 126 pb^{-1}		2 / 1.4 ± 0.2 (86%)	

One possible explanation:
R-parity violating Susy:

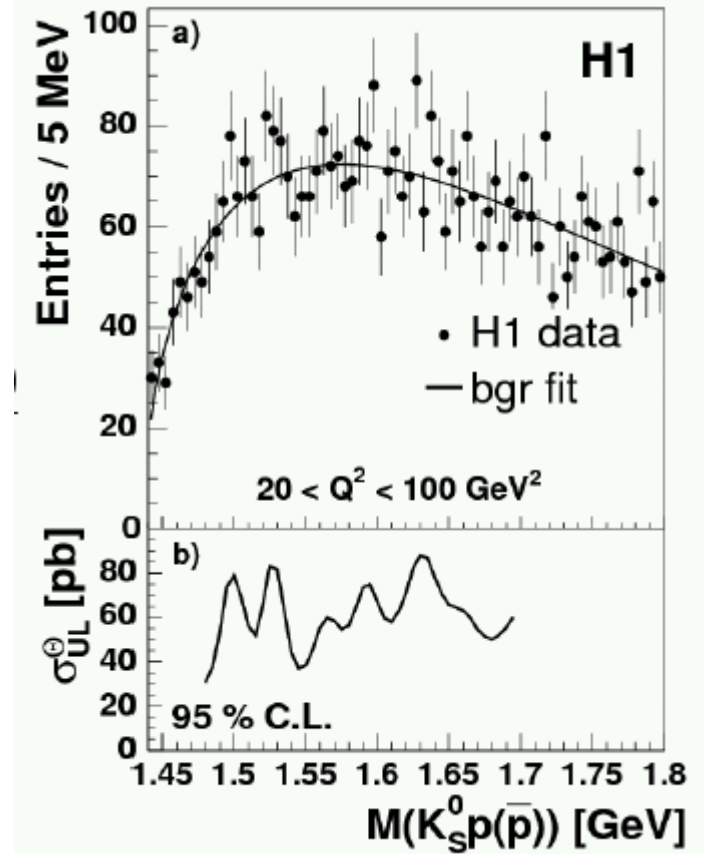


$e^+p: F = 0.$
**More e^+ data
to come!**

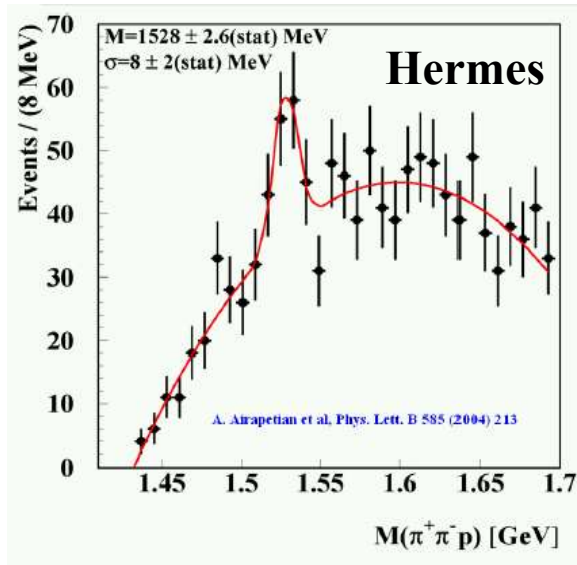
Strange Pentaquarks?



HERA I data.



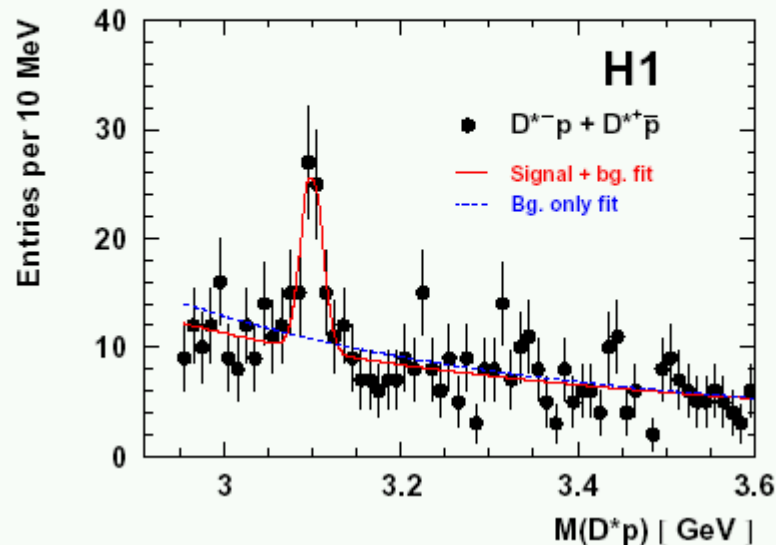
H1 does not confirm ZEUS signal, but upper limit is not yet in conflict.



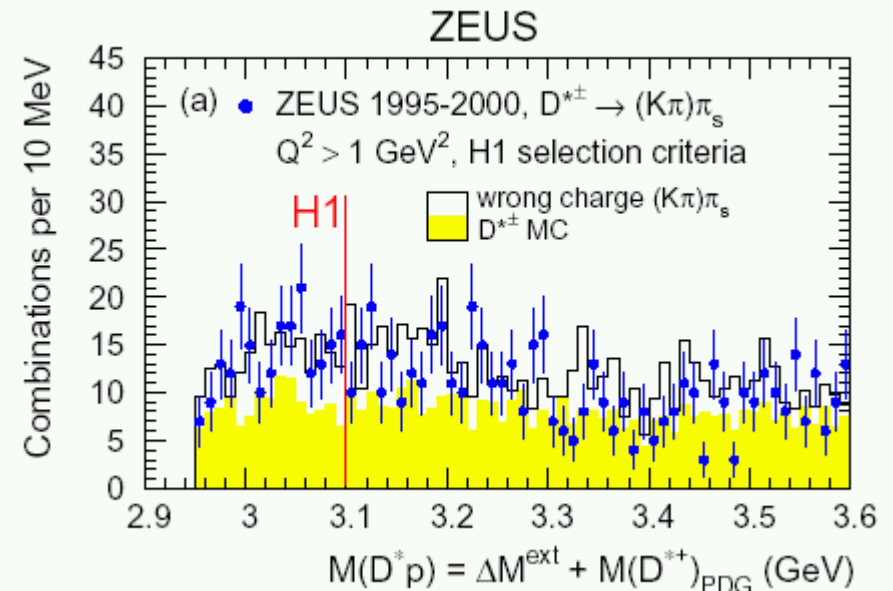
A high statistics run with CLAS at JLAB has not confirmed the Θ^+ .

Charmed Pentaquark?

H1 Daten 1996–2000 (DIS):

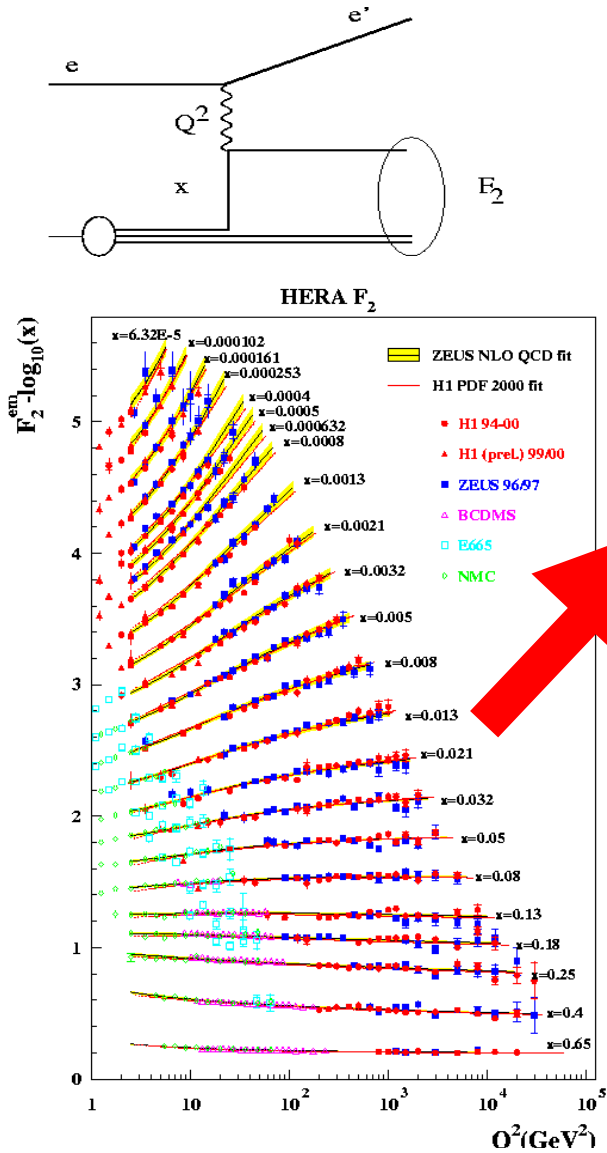


- H1 beobachtet ein signifikantes Signal (5.4σ) bei 3099 MeV im Kanal $D^{*-}p$ und $D^{*+}\bar{p}$.
- Ein Θ_c Anticharmbaryon wäre exotisch und müsste aus mindestens 5 Quarks bestehen: $uudd\bar{c}$.
- Etwa 1% aller D^* entstammen diesem Signal.

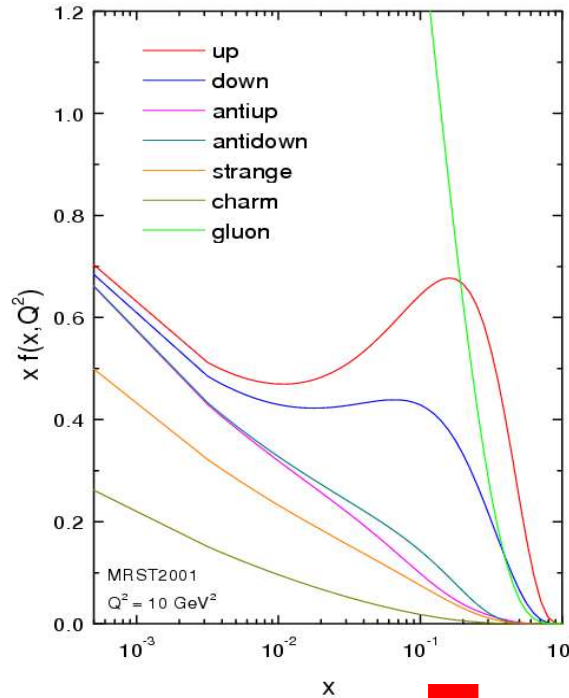


- Mit ähnlichen Selektionskriterien findet ZEUS kein Signal in diesem Kanal.
- Das Massenspektrum kann durch zufällige Kombinationen beschrieben werden.
- Höchstens 0.35% aller D^* könnten einem Θ_c entstammen.

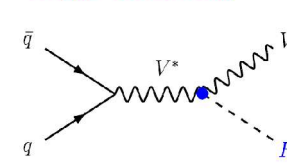
From HERA F_2 to the Higgs at LHC



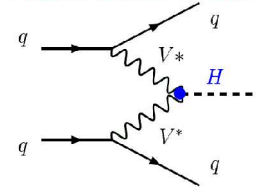
extract parton densities:



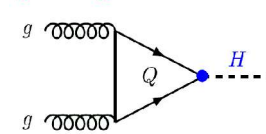
Higgs-strahlung



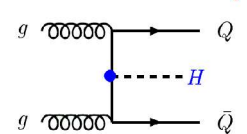
Vector boson fusion



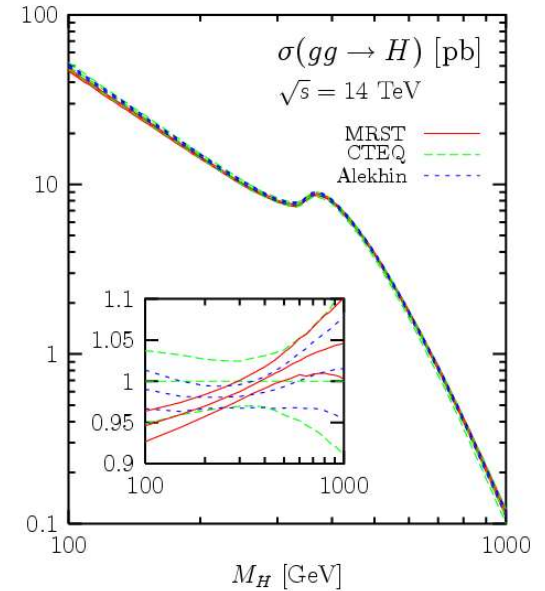
gluon gluon fusion



in associated with $Q\bar{Q}$



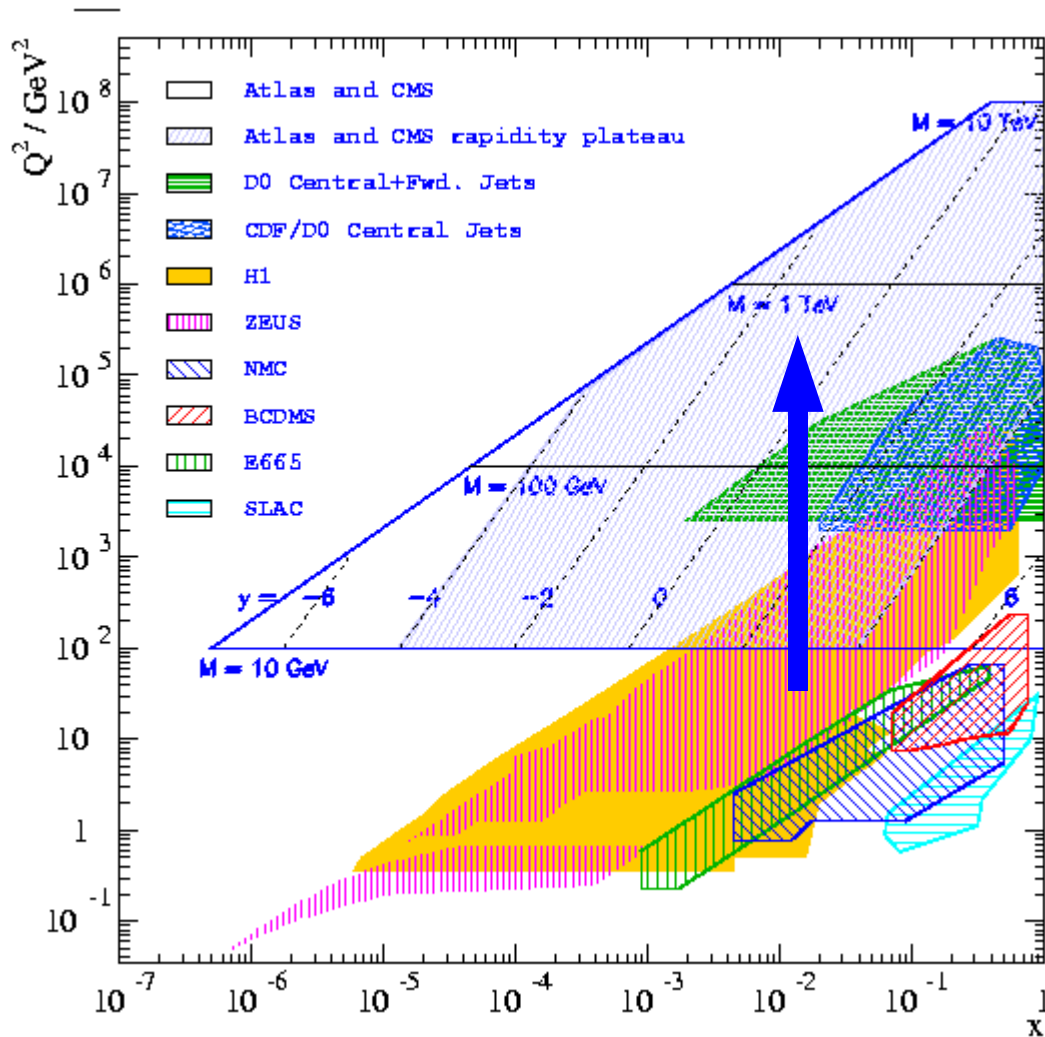
calculate Higgs production:



Up to 10% uncertainty

Structure function F_2

Kinematic reach of colliders



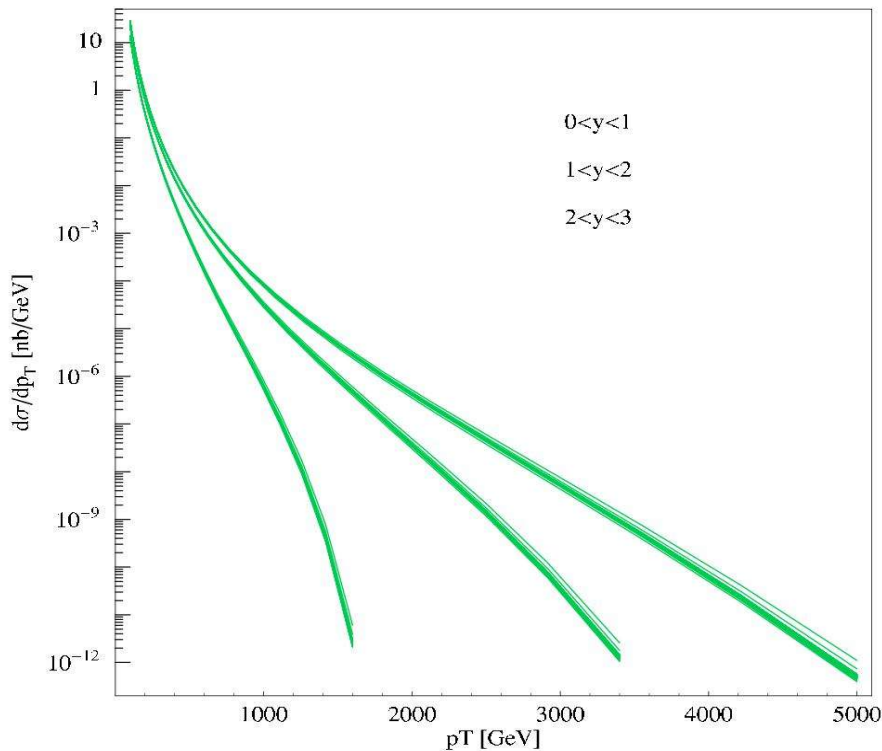
$$x_{1,2} = M/\sqrt{s} * \exp(\pm y)$$

↑ QCD evolution
(DGLAP equation).

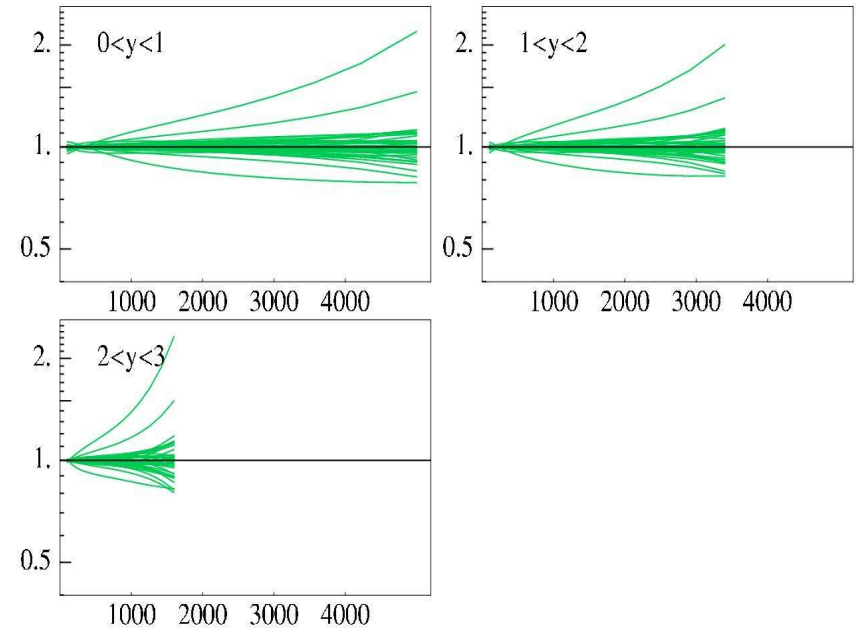
HERA covers the x-range for
central production at the LHC.

Precise parton densities required

Signature for new physics:
jet cross-section vs p_T in rapidity bins:



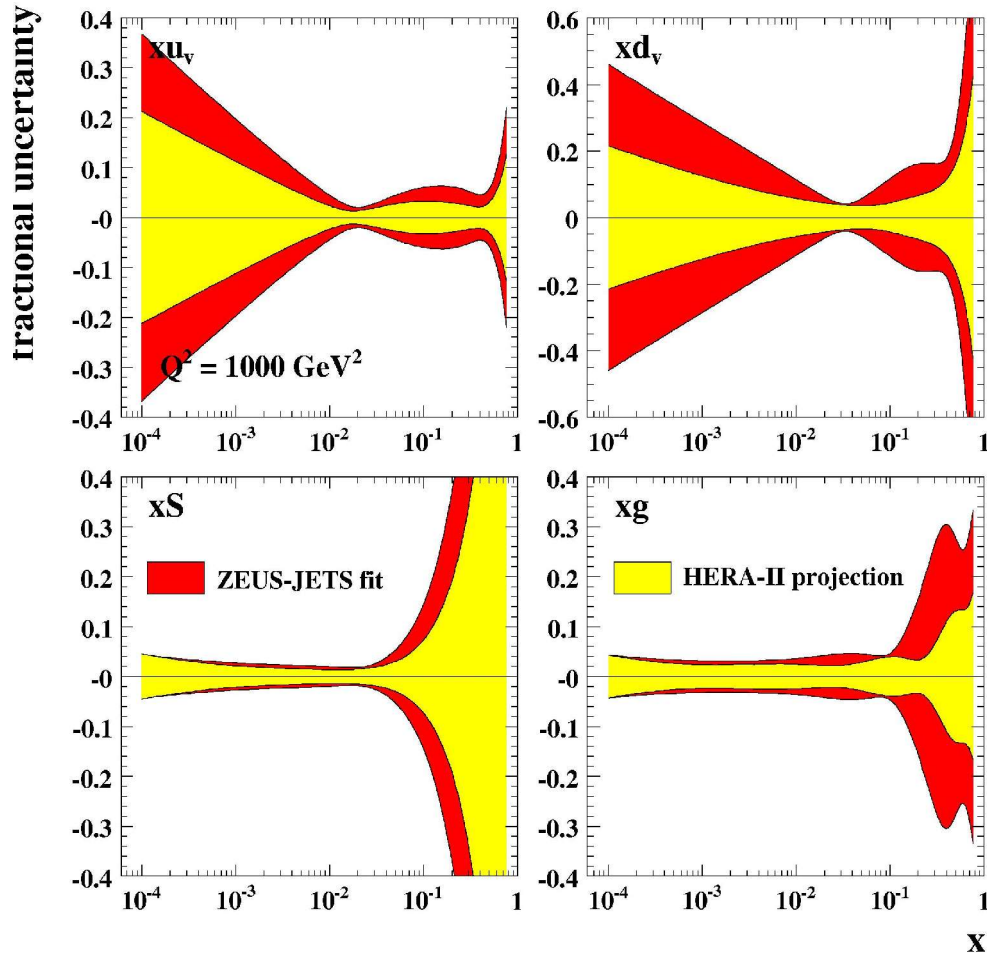
Discovery potential depends
on knowledge of parton densities:
ratios from different theorists:



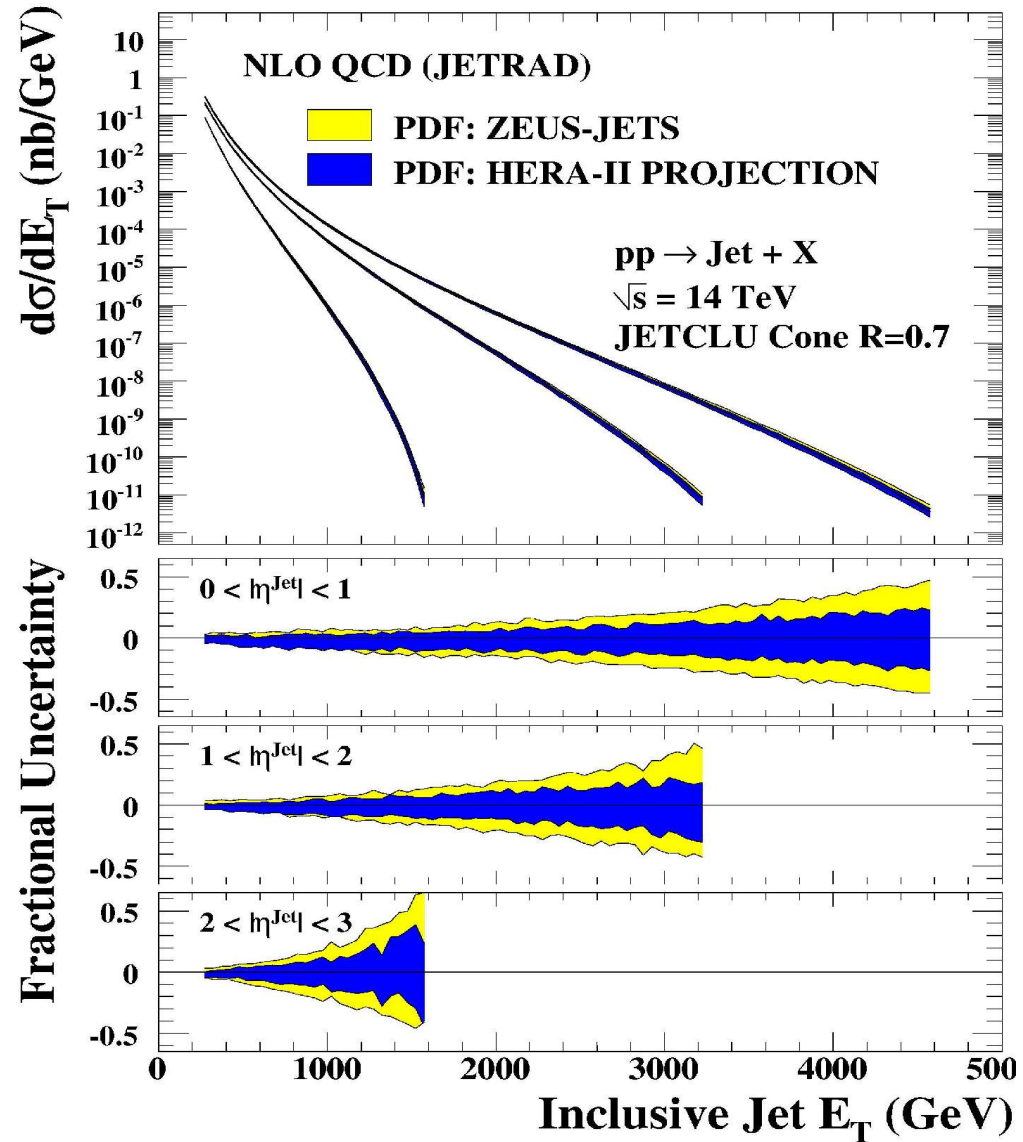
Improvements from HERA II

Using jets together with F_2 (at large Q^2)

quark and gluon uncertainties:

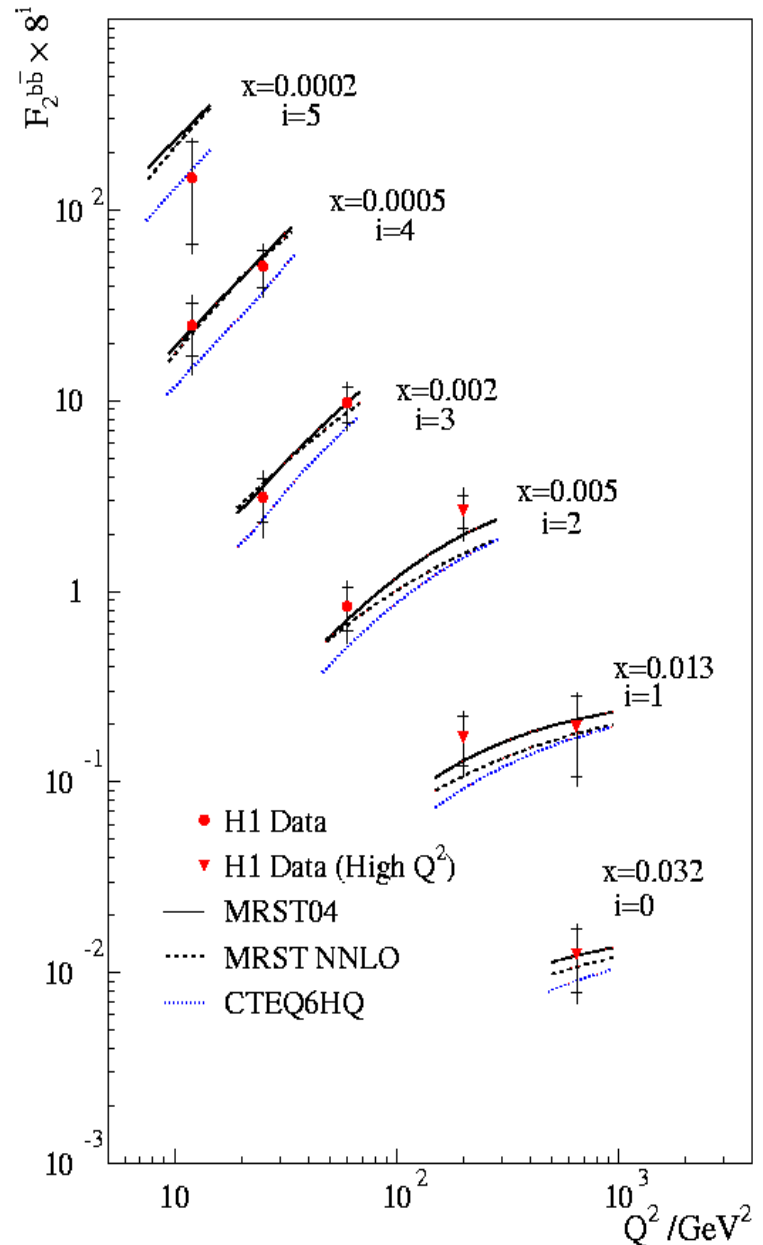
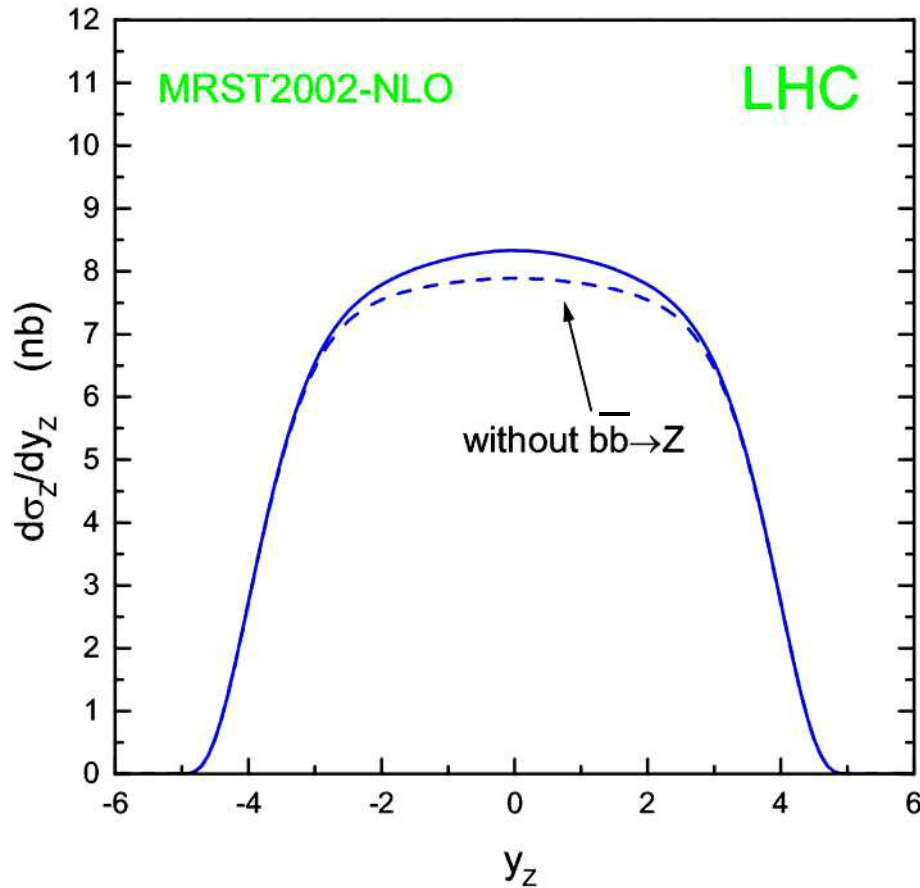


high statistics from HERA II is important (assumed 700 pb⁻¹)



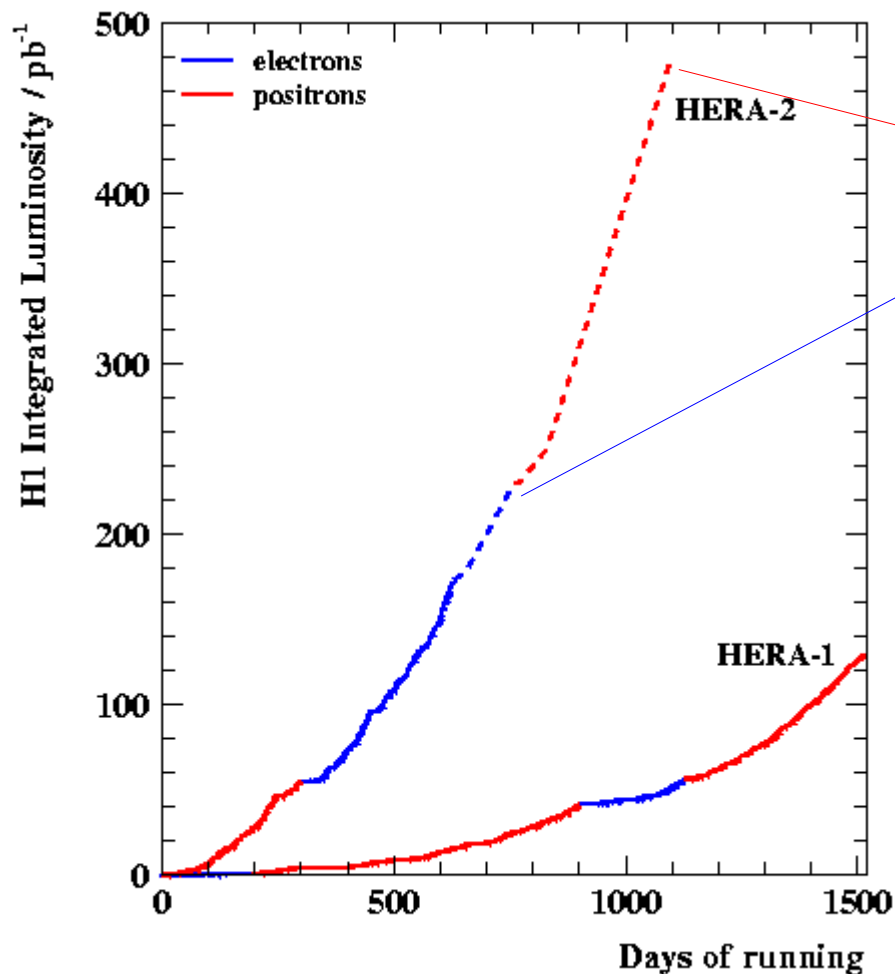
Error on LHC jet cross-section reduced

LHC needs beauty density in the proton



- bb is 5% contribution to Z production
- Need to know F_2^b to 20% accuracy to get Z production at 1% level.
- Reachable with ZEUS and H1 data at HERA II.

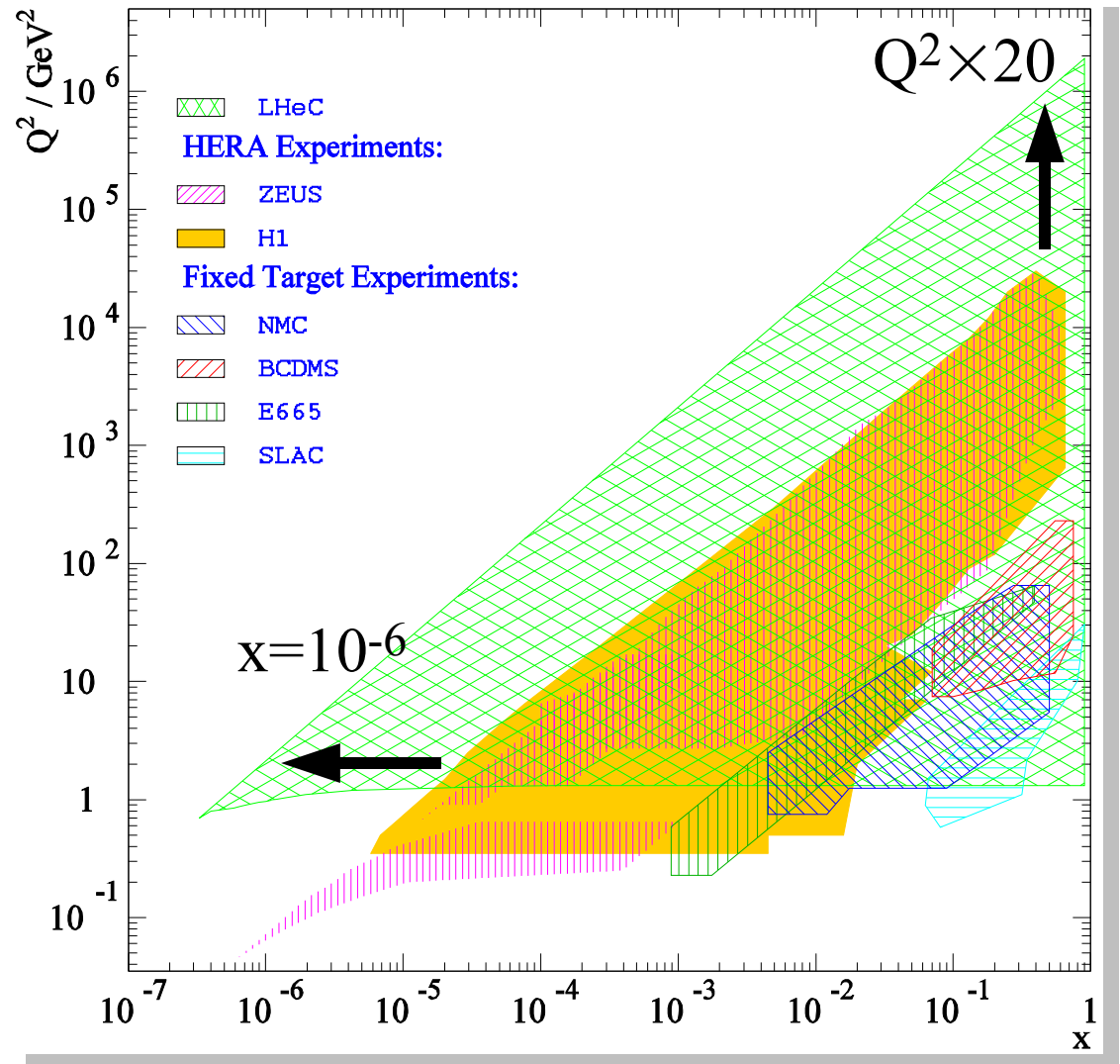
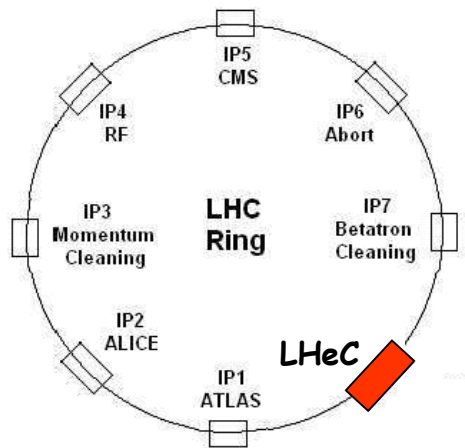
Luminosity outlook



- Run until end of June 2007.
 - Switch to e⁺ end of June 2006.
 - 3 months for the FL run (not shown).
- ⇒ expect 450 pb⁻¹ of physics data per experiment from HERA II.

The future of DIS?

- LHeC: ep at CERN
- 7 TeV \times 70 GeV.
- $\sqrt{s} = 1400$ GeV.
- $\mathcal{L} = 10^{33}/\text{cm}^2/\text{s}$
- After LHCb.
- e bypass at Atlas, CMS.
- Seminar by F. Willeke and M. Klein today!



Summary

- HERA II has almost completed a successful e⁻p run.
We hope for a similarly successful e⁺p run.
- The collider experiments are in their best shape ever.
The Hermes recoil detector is being repaired for the e⁺ run.
- Excellent physics results are being produced in all fields, increasingly using the HERA II data.
- Physics analysis will continue for many years beyond HERA running.
- H1 and ZEUS want to do a low E_p run to measure F_L.
The physics case has been positively reviewed by the PRC.

Running HERA is hard – but it's worth it!

Thanks to all groups involved!